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154		Foreword
155 156		nagement CIM Binding Specification (DSP0227) was prepared by the DMTF WSworking group.
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175	Introduction
176 177 178	This document describes the CIM binding for WS-Management. It describes how transformed CIM resources, as specified by the <u>WS-CIM Mapping Specification</u> , are bound to WS-Management operations and WSDL definitions.
179	

Scope

180

WS-Management CIM Binding Specification

181	1	Scope
182 183	This scop	clause describes the scope of this specification, including some items that are specifically out of e.
184	1.1	In-Scope
185 186 187	comi	specification describes how to use the Web Services for Management (WS-Management) protocol to municate with resources modeled with CIM and exposed through the XML schema mapping described /S-CIM.
188	1.2	Out of Scope
189 190		specification does not describe how to expose the WBEM intrinsic methods that perform schema ipulation of CIM classes (for example, CreateClass) using the WS-Management protocol.
191	This	specification does not describe how to generate the XML schema for a CIM class.
192	1.3	Conformance
193 194 195 196 197	requ spec gene	specification supplements the <u>WS-Management Specification</u> . When this specification is supported, ests using a particular version of WS-Management are assumed to use the same version of this diffication; both specifications will be updated concurrently. (The version of this specification cannot be early be directly determined from a SOAP message because most requests do not contain any ments from this specification or the XML namespace of this specification.)
198 199		nplementation is not conformant with this specification if it fails to satisfy one or more of the irements defined in the conformance rules for each clause, as indicated by the following format:
200	ı	Rnnnn: Rule text
201	2	Normative References
202 203 204	refer	following reference documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated ences, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced iment (including any amendments) applies.
205 206		F DSP0004, CIM Infrastructure Specification, 2.5, //www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0004_2.5.pdf
207 208		F DSP0200, Specification for CIM Operations over HTTP, 1.3, //www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0200_1.3.pdf
209 210		F DSP0201, Specification for the Representation of CIM in XML, 2.3, //www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0201_2.3.pdf
211 212		F DSP0203, XML Document Type Definition, 2.3, //www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0203_2.3.dtd

- 213 DMTF DSP0223, Generic Operations Specification, 1.0,
- 214 http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0223_1.0.pdf
- 215 DMTF DSP0226, WS-Management Specification, 1.1,
- 216 http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0226_1.1.pdf
- 217 DMTF DSP0230, WS-CIM Mapping Specification, 1.0,
- 218 http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0230_1.0.pdf
- 219 IETF RFC3986, Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) Generic Syntax, January 2005,
- 220 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt
- 221 IETF RFC5646, Tags for Identifying Languages, September 2009,
- 222 http://tools.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5646.txt
- 223 WC3, Namespaces in XML, W3C Recommendations, 14 January 1999,
- 224 http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xml-names-19990114
- 225 W3C, SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework (Second Edition) SOAP, 1.2, W3C
- 226 Recommendation, 27 April 2007,
- 227 http://www.w3.org/TR/soap12-part1/
- 228 W3C, Web Services Addressing 1.0 Core, W3C Recommendation, May 2006.
- 229 <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/REC-ws-addr-core-20060509/</u>
- 230 WC3, Web Services Description Language (WSDL), 1.1, W3C Note, 15 March 2001,
- 231 http://www.w3.org/TR/wsdl
- 232 WC3, XML Path Language (XPath) Version 1.0, W3C Recommendation, 16 November 1999,
- 233 http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116
- 234 WC3, XML Schema Part 1: Structures Second Edition, W3C Recommendation, 28 October 2004,
- 235 http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-1/

236 3 Terms and Definitions

- The terms used in DSP0226 and DSP0230 also apply to this specification.
- 238 **3.1**
- 239 can
- 240 used for statements of possibility and capability, whether material, physical, or causal
- 241 **3.2**
- 242 cannot
- 243 used for statements of possibility and capability, whether material, physical or causal
- 244 **3.3**
- 245 conditional
- 246 indicates requirements to be followed strictly in order to conform to the document when the specified
- 247 conditions are met
- 248 **3.4**
- 249 mandatory
- 250 indicates requirements to be followed strictly in order to conform to the document and from which no
- 251 deviation is permitted

- 252 **3.5**
- 253 **may**
- 254 indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document
- 255 **3.6**
- 256 need not
- 257 indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document
- 258 **3.7**
- 259 optional
- 260 indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document
- 261 **3.8**
- 262 shall
- 263 indicates requirements to be followed strictly in order to conform to the document and from which no
- 264 deviation is permitted
- 265 **3.9**
- 266 shall not
- 267 indicates requirements to be followed strictly in order to conform to the document and from which no
- 268 deviation is permitted
- 269 **3.10**
- 270 should
- indicates that among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly suitable, without mentioning
- 272 or excluding others, or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required
- 273 **3.11**
- 274 should not
- 275 indicates that a certain possibility or course of action is deprecated but not prohibited
- 276 **3.12**
- 277 unspecified
- 278 indicates that this profile does not define any constraints for the referenced CIM element or operation
- 279 **3.13**
- 280 base class
- a class that is defined in a CIM schema and from which other classes are derived which may contain other
- 282 properties or other CIM named elements
- 283 These additional named elements are extensions to the base class.
- 284 **3.14**
- 285 addressing
- the use of a web service specification to specify the address of a managed resource
- 287 In this specification, two different versions of web service addressing may be used, depending on context
- and interoperability requirements. The general term "addressing" may be used to refer to Addressing
- defined in WS-Management 1.1 Clause 5 or to W3C Web Services Addressing 1.0.

290 4 Symbols and Abbreviated Terms

- 291 **4.1**
- 292 **CQL**
- 293 CIM Query Language

- 294 **4.2**
- 295 **EPR**
- 296 Endpoint Reference
- 297 **4.3**
- 298 **GED**
- 299 Global Element Declaration
- 300 4.4
- 301 **URI**
- 302 Uniform Resource Identifier
- 303 4.5
- 304 **WBEM**
- 305 Web-Based Enterprise Management
- 306 **4.6**
- 307 **WSDL**
- 308 Web Services Description Language
- 309 4.7
- 310 **XSD**

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311 XML Schema Definition

5 Prefixes and XML Namespaces

- Table 1 lists namespaces that are used in this specification. The choice of any namespace prefix is arbitrary and not semantically significant.
- Note that two addressing prefixes are included. WS-Management 1.1 supports the use of two versions of addressing. In any particular protocol exchange, a single version of addressing is used. Examples in this
- specification generally specify one version or the other for clarity. In cases where the addressing version is
- not significant, examples use a non-version-specific "wsa:" prefix to indicate that either addressing version
- 319 may be suitable in those cases, depending on the context of the message.

Table 1 – Prefixes and XML Namespaces

Prefix	XML Namespace	Reference
wsmb	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding.xsd	This specification
wsman	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd	WS-Management
cim	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/common	WS-CIM
s	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope	SOAP 1.2
xs	http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema	XML Schema
wsdl	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl	WSDL 1.1
wsa04	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing	Addressing included in WS-Management 1.1 clause 5, "Addressing"
wsa10	http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing	WS-Addressing 1.0

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Prefix	XML Namespace	Reference
wsen	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration	Enumeration included in WS-Management 1.1 clause 8, "Enumeration of Datasets"
wxf	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer	Resource access included in WS-Management 1.1 clause 7, "Resource Access"
wse	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing	Notifications included in WS-Management 1.1 clause 10, "Notifications (Eventing)"

6 WS-Management Default Addressing Model

- WS-Management defines a default addressing model based on WS-Management 1.1 Addressing. This clause describes how CIM objects are addressed when they are accessed with the protocol.
- WS-Management makes use of Addressing to identify and access resources. WS-Management defines a reference format using the EndpointReference element, making use of the ReferenceParameter field to contain specific elements (ResourceURI and SelectorSet) to aid in identifying the desired object or objects.
- 327 **R6-1**: Services that support the default addressing model defined by WS-Management are required to conform to this clause and its subclauses.

6.1 Class-Specific ResourceURI

- For standard CIM classes, the ResourceURI is identical to the XML namespace URI of the schema for the class. This ResourceURI targets the named class and any derived classes depending on the role of polymorphism.
- R6.1-1: Instances of a specific class shall be addressed using a ResourceURI that identifies a specific class.
- 335 EXAMPLE: The following ResourceURI is used to reference the CIM_SoftwareElement class in version 2 of the CIM 336 schema.
- 337 (01) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_SoftwareElement
 - Note that the XML schema namespace for the instances never changes to reflect CIM namespace usage; only the ResourceURI changes. Class definitions are pure schema; they are independent of their scope or CIM namespace residence. See 6.3 for a description of classes that reside in explicit namespaces.
 - **R6.1-2**: It is recommended that vendor-defined classes use the same value for ResourceURI that is used for the XML namespace of the class. The vendor-defined XML namespace should include some form of version field in the namespace URI that can be changed when backward-incompatible changes are made to the XML schema.
 - Resources without keys are referenced by a class-specific ResourceURI within the SOAP binding, as follows:

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R6.1-3: If keys are required to discriminate among instances, the WS-Management SelectorSet SOAP header shall be used, as follows:

```
354
       (6)
              <s:Envelope ...>
355
       (7)
                <s:Header>
356
       (8)
                  <wsa04:To> network address </wsa04:To>
357
       (9)
                  <wsman:ResourceURI> URI of the item </wsman:ResourceURI>
358
       (10)
                  <wsman:SelectorSet>
359
       (11)
                    <wsman:Selector Name="KeyName"> Key Value </wsman:Selector>
360
       (12)
                  </wsman:SelectorSet>
361
       (13)
362
      (14)
                </s:Header>
```

In this case, the key values required by CIM become individual Selector values. The name of the key is repeated in the Name attribute, and the key value becomes the value of the Selector element. Note that all CIM instances except indications have keys.

EXAMPLE: Example class definition:

```
367
       (15)
              class CIM_SoftwareElement : CIM_LogicalElement
368
       (16)
369
       (17)
                [key] string Name;
370
       (18)
                [key] string Version;
371
       (19)
                [key] uint16 SoftwareElementState;
372
       (20)
                [key] string SoftwareElementID;
373
                [key] uint16 TargetOperatingSystem;
       (21)
374
       (22)
                string OtherTargetOS;
375
       (23)
                string Manufacturer;
376
       (24)
                string BuildNumber;
377
       (25)
                string SerialNumber;
378
       (26)
                string CodeSet;
379
       (27)
                string IdentificationCode;
380
       (28)
                string LanguageEdition;
381
      (29)
```

R6.1-4: The ResourceURI shall be the XML namespace for the class, and the zero or more Selectors shall contain keys defined by this class. A service may process a request with a subset of the keys if the subset uniquely identifies the instance. Clients are guaranteed correct behavior if they supply all keys in the request. Clients might encounter different behavior at different resources if they do not supply all keys.

EXAMPLE: The following example illustrates how to form an EPR using the class definition above:

```
388
            <s:Header xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing">
       (1)
389
       (2)
                <wsa04:To> network address </wsa04:To>
390
       (3)
                <wsman:ResourceURI>
391
       (4)
                 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_SoftwareElement
392
       (5)
                </wsman:ResourceURI>
393
       (6)
                <wsman:SelectorSet>
394
       (7)
                 <wsman:Selector Name="Name"> AcmeCAD </wsman:Selector>
395
       (8)
                  <wsman:Selector Name="Version"> 1.2 </wsman:Selector>
396
       (9)
                 <wsman:Selector Name="SoftwareElementState"> 1 </wsman:Selector>
397
       (10)
                 <wsman:Selector Name="SoftwareElementID"> 123F00 </ wsman:Selector>
398
       (11)
                  <wsman:Selector Name="TargetOperatingSystem"> 12 </wsman:Selector>
399
       (12)
                </wsman:SelectorSet>
400
       (13)
401
      (14)
              </s:Header>
```

- 402 **R6.1-5**: A service shall accept a properly-formed endpoint reference that specifies a class-specific 403 ResourceURI and keys, if necessary, as defined in this clause.
- CIM namespaces are not reflected in the ResourceURI structure, which is independent of where the class resides or is implemented.

406 6.2 "All Classes" ResourceURI

- Because certain types of queries may cross class boundaries, the class-specific ResourceURI defined in 6.1 is not always applicable.
- 409 **R6.2-1**: Services supporting cross-class queries shall accept an "all classes" ResourceURI.
- This ResourceURI effectively targets the query processor in the CIM Server itself and can be used to return both CIM and vendor classes.
- The "all classes" ResourceURI is of the same form as the class-specific ResourceURI in which the schema
- 413 version and class name are replaced with the star character. The presence of the WS-CIM version in this
- 414 ResourceURI allows the client to indicate which version of the WS-CIM Mapping Specification should be
- used in the translation of the CIM instances to XML.
- For example, the following ResourceURI refers to all classes in the CIM namespace represented using
- 417 version 1 of WS-CIM:
- 418 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/*
- When using the class-specific ResourceURI, the results of the enumeration may contain instances of the
- class identified in the ResourceURI or any derived class. However, the class name is typically repeated in
- both the ResourceURI and the filter expression.
- 422 The advantage to the "all classes" construct is that a single URI may be used for all resource queries and
- 423 the class information appears in only one place: the filter expression. When the "all classes" construct is
- 424 used in an Enumerate request, the results returned contain instances from a single CIM namespace, with
- 425 one important exception: a query using an association Filter filter dialect such as Associated Instances may
- return instances from more than one CIM namespace.

6.3 Accounting for Different CIM Namespaces

- The following special Selector Name is defined to indicate the CIM namespace of the resource or resources for which the message is intended:
- This selector is in addition to any other selectors for CIM keys and is unlikely to collide with others because most CIM keys do not start with two underscore () characters.
- 433 The absence of this Selector Name in a message indicates that the intended resources are in the default
- 434 CIM namespace for that service. This specification does not define what the default CIM namespace
- 435 should be.

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- 436 **R6.3-1**: A service offering more than one CIM namespace shall include the __cimnamespace Selector
- Name in an EPR returned in a response message to identify the CIM namespace of an instance in the response.
- 439 **R6.3-2**: A service shall not fault if the __cimnamespace Selector Name is absent and instead shall
- utilize the default CIM namespace.
- **R6.3-3**: A service offering more than one CIM namespace should indicate in metadata which CIM
- 442 namespace is the default. This specification does not define the location or format of such metadata.

- **R6.3-4**: A service supporting more than one CIM namespace shall fault a request that specifies a namespace whose name is not one of the names of the CIM namespaces supported.
- 445 **R6.3-5**: If a service supports exactly one namespace, then
 - a. the service shall fault a request that includes a __cimnamespace selector that does not match the name of the single namespace; and
 - b. the service should include the __cimnamespace selector in an EPR returned in a response message to identify the CIM namespace of an instance in the response.
 - In all cases, **R6.3-2** applies: a request with no __cimnamespace selector utilizes the default namespace. If a service supports only one namespace, then that namespace is the default.

7 Accessing Instances

- When retrieving and updating an instance of a class, the WS-Management 1.1 Get, Put, and Delete
- operations are used. When creating an instance of a class, the Create operation is used. The fragment
- 455 access SOAP header defined by WS-Management may be applied to these operations.
- 456 Class inheritance also affects how WS-Management 1.1 resource access operations are specified in WS-
- 457 Management 1.1 clause 7, "Resource Access." In many cases vendors have derived a vendor-specific
- 458 class from the CIM class that allows multiple vendors to implement the same class in the same CIM
- 459 namespace even if they have not added any additional properties. For example, an implementation may
- 460 choose to instantiate Vendor_ComputerSystem, which is derived from CIM_ComputerSystem. In many
- cases, a client must access instances of the derived class, but has only the name of the base class. To
- access an instance of such a derived class, or obtain an EPR for such an instance that can be used in WS-
- 463 Management 1.1 resource access operations, a client generally will enumerate instances using the base
- 464 class. The returned instances or EPRs can optionally contain the correct derived classname. See 9.3 for
- 465 details.

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- 466 The XML Schema representation of CIM instances permits the omission of non-key and non-required
- 467 properties in their corresponding XML instance documents. The WS-CIM Mapping Specification (DSP0230)
- defines runtime rules for the Get, Delete, and Create operations.
- 469 **R7-1**: A service should return a wsa:ActionNotSupported fault if the "all classes" ResourceURI is used with any of the WS-Management 1.1 resource access operations, even if this ResourceURI is supported for enumerations or notifications.
- 472 **7.1 Get**
- The following clause defines requirements and presents examples related to getting instances.
- 474 R7.1-1: A service supporting the Get operation and using the WS-Management Default Addressing
- 475 Model shall support access using the class-specific ResourceURI that corresponds to the creation
- drawnian class and the selectors of the given instance.
- 477 R7.1-2: The response representation shall use the XML Schema identified by the class in the
- 478 ResourceURI.
- 479 **7.2 Put**
- The following clause defines requirements and presents examples related to putting or modifying instances.
- 481 R7.2-1: A service supporting the Put operation and using the WS-Management Default Addressing
- 482 Model shall support access using the class-specific ResourceURI that corresponds to the creation
- class and the selectors of the given instance.

- 484 **R7.2-2**: A service supporting the Put operation shall accept instance representations that have omitted schema-optional elements. Any elements not included in the resource access operation shall be left unchanged. A service supporting fragment-level put operations shall also observe this behavior.
- 487 **R7.2-3**: The request and response representations shall use the XML Schema identified by the class in the ResourceURI.

489 **7.3 Delete**

- 490 The following clause defines requirements and presents examples related to deleting instances:
- 491 **R7.3-1**: A service supporting the Delete operation and using the WS-Management Default Addressing Model shall support access using the class-specific ResourceURI that corresponds to the creation class and the selectors of the given instance.

7.4 Create

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- The Create operation is different from the other WS-Management 1.1 resource access operations because it is sent to a resource factory rather than to a resource. For CIM, the class-specific ResourceURI is the factory resource that can be used to create instances of the class.
- 498 **R7.4-1**: A service supporting the Create operation and using the WS-Management Default Addressing Model shall support access using the class-specific ResourceURI corresponding to the creation class and, if warranted, the __cimnamespace Selector Name.
- However, the fragment-level Create operation operates on the resource itself, so it behaves in the same fashion as the Put operation:
- R7.4-2: A service may support the fragment-level Create operation using the class-specific ResourceURI that corresponds to the creation class and the selectors of the given instance.
- R7.4-3: A service supporting the Create operation shall accept instance representations that have omitted schema-optional properties and shall interpret such omissions as a request to create the object with the corresponding omitted properties absent from the instance. A service supporting the fragment-level Create operation shall also observe this behavior.

8 Filter Dialects

- Both <u>WS-Management 1.1</u> enumeration and notifications define XPath Version 1.0 as the default filter
- 511 language (called a "dialect" in those specifications), though other filter languages are accommodated. This
- 512 specification defines two additional dialects for use with resources modeled using CIM. Services may
- 513 support these and other query languages by accepting messages with appropriate dialect URIs.
- The filter dialects defined in this clause are intended for use with WS-Management 1.1 Enumeration and
- 515 WS-Management 1.1 notifications and not with Fragment-level WS-Management 1.1 resource access.

516 **8.1 CQL**

- CQL is a SQL-based query language that includes the class name as part of the query. The dialect filter
- 518 URI for this language is as follows:
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cql/1/dsp0202.pdf
- R8.1-1: Services that accept CQL statements of the form "select * from ..." shall return each instance representation using the GED defined for the object's class within the wsen: Items element.
- 522 **R8.1-2**: Services that accept CQL statements of the form "select a,b,c from ..." (a query with projection)

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shall return each instance representation using the wsman:XmlFragment element. Within the
wsman:XmlFragment element, the service shall return property values named in the select statement
using either an element with the given label if the AS keyword is used or the property's GED defined in
the <u>WS-CIM Mapping Specification</u> if the select-list entry is a property (ignoring any chain or propertyscope). Expressions and literals without AS keywords are not valid CQL expressions.

Clients should use wsman: Filter, as opposed to wsen: Filter or wse: Filter, when using CQL statements of the form "select a,b,c from ..." because these queries contain projections and are not Boolean predicates.

R8.1-3: Services supporting CQL statements of the form "select a,b,c from ..." may return results in any order. To provide clients a mechanism to correlate results with the CQL expression, services should include the attribute wsmb:Expression for all selected-entry elements, and shall include the attribute wsmb:Expression for any selected-entry that would have a duplicate name with another selected-entry. The value of the wsmb:Expression attribute on the element shall be the selected-entry in the select-list from which the element resulted.

EXAMPLE 1: If the select-list of a CQL statement is "ID, Foo.Name, Bar::Host, A AS B, X * Y AS Z", the query returns the associated elements in the following fragment:

```
538
       (1)
             <wsen:Items xmlns:ex='...'>
539
       (2)
                <wsman:XmlFragment>
540
       (3)
                  <ex:ID>...</ex:ID>
541
       (4)
                  <ex:Name>...</ex:Name>
542
       (5)
                  <ex:Host>...</ex:Host>
543
       (6)
                  <B>...</B>
544
       (7)
                  <Z>...</Z>
545
       (8)
                </wsman:XmlFragment>
546
       (9)
              </wsen:Items>
```

- 547 NOTE 1: The elements that result from the AS keyword do not have an XML namespace.
- NOTE 2: Because the response elements are wrapped in the XmlFragment element, which is defined to turn off validation for the entire content of the XmlFragment, it is permissible for the service not to include namespace prefixes for the enclosed elements.
- If a join were used with the same named property included from both classes, then the wsmb:Expression would be used to differentiate between them.
- 553 EXAMPLE 2: Given a select-list of "CIM_Foo,ID, CIM_Foo.Name, CIM_Bar.Name" the associated elements would be as follows:

```
555
      (1)
            <wsen:Items xmlns:bar='...' xmlns:foo='...'>
556
      (2)
               <wsman:XmlFragment>
557
      (3)
                 <foo:ID>...</foo:ID>
558
       (4)
                 <bar:Name wsmb:Expression='CIM_Bar.Name'> ...
559
      (5)
                 <foo:Name wsmb:Expression='CIM Foo.Name'> ...</foo:Name>
560
      (6)
               </wsman:XmlFragment>
561
      (7)
             </wsen:Items>
```

- **R8.1-4:** If a service supports wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateObjectAndEPR for enumerating instances and endpoint references, then it shall compose the instance representation of the results of the CQL query (as specified in the previous two rules) with the EPR. The CQL query selects the instances and properties of the instance to be returned but has no effect on the EPR that refers to objects that match the where clause of the CQL query.
- **R8.1-5**: If a service supports wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateEPR for enumerating endpoint references, then it shall return the EPRs for instances that match the where clause of the CQL query and ignore any properties specified in the select portion of the CQL query.
- 570 **R8.1-6**: If a service uses the WS-Management Default Addressing Model, then it should support this

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filter dialect for Enumerate operations. If the CQL dialect is not supported by the addressed endpoint service, the service shall respond with a wsen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable fault.

R8.1-7: If a service uses the WS-Management Default Addressing Model and supports the CQL dialect for Enumerate operations it shall support addressing the CIM Server (through the "all classes" ResourceURI) and it should support addressing instances of a class (through the class-specific ResourceURI). If the CQL query references in the FROM clause more than one CIM class, then the Enumerate operation shall be addressed to the "all classes" ResourceURI. If the addressed endpoint and the query contradict each other (for example, the CIM classname in the class-specific ResourceURI does not match the CIM classname in the CQL FROM clause), the service shall respond with a wsen:CannotProcessFilter fault.

R8.1-8: If a service uses the WS-Management Default Addressing Model it should support this filter dialect for Subscribe operations. If the CQL dialect is not supported by the addressed endpoint service, the service shall respond with a wsen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable fault.

R8.1-9: If a service uses the WS-Management Default Addressing Model and supports the CQL dialect for Subscribe operations it shall support addressing the CIM Server (through the "all classes" ResourceURI) and it should support addressing instances of a class (through the class-specific ResourceURI). If the addressed endpoint and the query contradict each other (for example, the CIM classname in the class-specific ResourceURI does not match the CIM classname in the CQL FROM clause), the service shall respond with a wse:EventSourceUnableToProcess fault.

R8.1-10: Services that accept CQL queries should return instances of the most-derived class rather than a requested class, even though the query names a specific class.

EXAMPLE 3: The following request issues a CQL query in which the returned results include properties from the selected instances. This example uses the WS-Management Default Addressing Model but applies to any EPR model used by the service.

```
595
      (1)
            <s:Envelope>
596
       (2)
               <s:Header>
597
       (3)
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
598
       (4)
                   http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/*
599
       (5)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
600
       (6)
               </s:Header>
601
       (7)
               <s:Body>
602
       (8)
                 <wsen:Enumerate>
603
       (9)
                   <wsman:Filter Dialect="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cql/1/dsp0202.pdf">
604
       (10)
                     SELECT Name, PrimaryOwnerName
605
       (11)
                     FROM CIM_ComputerSystem
606
       (12)
                     WHERE EnabledState = 3
607
       (13)
                   </wsman:Filter>
608
       (14)
                 </wsen:Enumerate>
609
       (15)
               </s:Body>
610
      (16)
             </s:Envelope>
```

The results include the two requested properties for instances that are "Disabled":

```
612
       (1)
            <s:Body>
613
       (2)
                <wsen:PullResponse>
614
       (3)
                  <wsen:EnumerationContext> ... </wsen:EnumerationContext>
615
       (4)
                  <wsen:Items>
616
       (5)
                    <wsman:XmlFragment>
617
       (6)
                      <Name>system1</Name>
618
       (7)
                      <PrimaryOwnerName>Joe</PrimaryOwnerName>
619
       (8)
                    </wsman:XmlFragment>
```

```
620
       (9)
                    <wsman:XmlFragment>
621
       (10)
                      <Name>system2</Name>
622
       (11)
                      <PrimaryOwnerName>Mary</PrimaryOwnerName>
623
       (12)
                    </wsman:XmlFragment>
624
       (13)
                    ... etc.
625
       (14)
                  </wsen:Items>
626
       (15)
                </wsen:PullResponse>
627
       (16)
              </s:Body>
```

8.2 Association Queries

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CIM uses associations to relate instances of different classes and defines intrinsic operations to find related classes. Association queries start with one instance that participates in the association (called the source object) and finds all related instances (called the result objects) linked through associations in which a reference to the source object appears as the value of a specific property (called the role) in the association. The query can be further constrained by limiting the roles that are used for the source or result objects as well as limiting the type of the association and result classes. Alternatively, it is possible to issue a query for instances of the associations themselves using a similar set of constraining parameters.

- This specification defines the following dialect filter URI for association queries:
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/associationFilter
- The following rules apply only to services that support association queries:
 - **R8.2-1**: If a service uses the WS-Management Default Addressing Model it should support the association filter dialect for Enumerate operations that are addressed to the "all classes" ResourceURI. If such a service receives an Enumerate request addressed to a class-specific Resource URI specifying this filter dialect, the service shall respond with a wsen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable fault.
- R8.2-2: If a service supports wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateObjectAndEPR for enumerating endpoint references, then it shall compose the instance representation of the results of the association query with the EPR as directed. The association query selects the instances and properties of the instance to be returned but has no effect on the presence or absence of the EPR.
 - **R8.2-3**: The service should return a wse:FilteringRequestedUnavailable fault in response to Subscribe requests using the association filter dialect.
- R8.2-4: If the result set of a successful association query includes no instances, the service shall not return a fault.

8.2.1 Associated Instances

For queries that return associated instances, the Enumerate message has the following form:

```
654
       (1)
            <wsen:Enumerate>
655
       (2)
                <wsman:Filter</pre>
656
                  Dialect="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/associationFilter">
       (3)
657
       (4)
                    <wsmb:AssociatedInstances>
658
       (5)
                      <wsmb:Object> xs:any </wsmb:Object>
659
       (6)
                      <wsmb:AssociationClassName> xs:NCName </wsmb:AssociationClassName> ?
660
       (7)
                      <wsmb:Role> xs:NCName </wsmb:Role> ?
661
       (8)
                      <wsmb:ResultClassName> xs:NCName </wsmb:ResultClassName> ?
662
       (9)
                      <wsmb:ResultRole> xs:NCName </wsmb:ResultRole> ?
663
       (10)
                      <wsmb:IncludeResultProperty> xs:NCName </wsmb:IncludeResultProperty> *
664
      (11)
                    </wsmb:AssociatedInstances>
```

- 665 (12) </wsman:Filter>
 666 (13) </wsen:Enumerate>
- The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociatedInstances
- The results include instances related to the source object through an association.
- R8.2.1-1: The results of the enumeration shall be instances associated with the object through an association instance subject to the additional constraints listed in this clause.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociatedInstances/wsmb:Object
- ldentifies the source object for the association query and is required.
- R8.2.1-2: The results shall be associated with the object identified by the endpoint reference in wsmb:Object.
- R8.2.1-3: If the EPR to which the Enumerate message is sent and the EPR of the source object reference two different CIM namespaces, the service may respond with a wsen:CannotProcessFilter fault.
- R8.2.1-4: If the EPR of the source object does not reference exactly one valid CIM instance, the service shall respond with a wsen:CannotProcessFilter fault. Services should include a textual description of the problem.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociatedInstances/wsmb:AssociationClassName
- Represents the name of a CIM association class. This element or parameter is optional.
- R8.2.1-5: If the AssociationClassName is present, the results shall include only the instances related to the source object through associations that are instances of only the named class or derived classes. If the AssociationClassName is absent, results shall include instances that are related to the source object through associations of any type.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociatedInstances/wsmb:Role
- Represents the name of a reference property of a CIM association class. This element or parameter is optional.
- R8.2.1-6: If the Role name is present, the results shall include only instances related to the source object through an association in which the source object plays the specified role (that is, the name of the property in the association class that refers to the source object shall match the value of this parameter). If the Role name is absent, the results shall include instances associated to the source regardless of the role of the source object in the association.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociatedInstances/wsmb:ResultClassName
- Represents the name of a CIM class. This element or parameters is optional.
- R8.2.1-7: If the ResultClassName is present, the results shall include only objects that are instances of the named class or any of its derived classes. If the ResultClassName is absent, the results shall include all objects regardless of type.
- 701 wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociatedInstances/wsmb:ResultRole
- Represents the name of a reference property of a CIM association class. This element or parameter is optional.
- R8.2.1-8: If ResultRole name is present, the results shall only include instances related to the source object via an association in which the returned object plays the specified role. In other words, the name

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- of the property in the association class that refers to the returned object shall match the value of this parameter.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociatedInstances/wsmb:IncludeResultProperty
- Represents the name of one or more properties of a CIM class. This element or parameter is optional.
- R8.2.1-9: If the query does not include an IncludeResultProperty element, the service shall return each instance representation using the GED defined for the object's class within the wsen:Items element.
 - **R8.2.1-10**: If the query includes one or more IncludeResultProperty elements, the service shall return each instance representation using the wsman:XmlFragment element. Within the wsman:XmlFragment element, the service shall return property values using the property GEDs defined in the <u>WS-CIM Mapping Specification</u>. If the query includes one or more IncludeResultProperty elements, the service shall not return any IncludeResultProperty elements not specified. The service shall ignore any IncludeResultProperty elements that describe properties not defined by the target class. If the service does not support fragment-level access, it shall return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:

http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FragmentLevelAccess

- **R8.2.1-11**: A service may omit returned properties, even when explicitly requested, if and only if such properties have not been set (that is, the properties have a NULL value). The requestor is to interpret the absence of these properties as the properties having a NULL value.
- **R8.2.1-12:** A service shall not return a fault if the association query contains a value for the AssociationClassName, Role, ResultClassName, or ResultRole method parameters that names a CIM element that is not defined in the target CIM namespace or relevant CIM class.
- The association query uses these parameters to filter the results and not to define the results.
- Clients should use wsman: Filter when using IncludeResultProperty elements because these queries contain projections and are not Boolean predicates.
 - EXAMPLE: The following request issues an association query in which the returned results include properties from the associated instances as well as the EPRs of the associated instances. This example uses the WS-Management Default Addressing Model but applies to any EPR model used by the service.

```
733
       (1) <s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
734
       (2)
                xmlns:wsa04="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
735
       (3)
                xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"
736
                xmlns:wsmb="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding.xsd"
       (4)
737
       (5)
                xmlns:wsen="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration">
738
       (6)
                <s:Header>
739
       (7)
                  <wsman:ResourceURI>
740
       (8)
                   http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/*
741
       (9)
                  </wsman:ResourceURI>
742
       (10)
                </s:Header>
743
       (11)
                <s:Body>
744
       (12)
                <wsen:Enumerate>
745
       (13)
                  <wsman:EnumerationMode>EnumerateObjectAndEPR</wsman:EnumerationMode>
746
       (14)
                    <wsman:Filter</pre>
747
       (15)
                     Dialect="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wsman/cimbinding/associationFilter">
748
       (16)
                        <wsmb:AssociatedInstances>
749
       (17)
                         <wsmb:Object>
750
       (18)
                           <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
751
       (19)
                           <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
752
      (20)
                             <wsman:ResourceURI>
```

```
753
      (21)
                         http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_PhysicalElement
754
       (22)
                             </wsman:ResourceURI>
755
       (23)
                             <wsman:SelectorSet>
756
      (24)
                              <wsman:Selector Name="Tag">81190b2</wsman:Selector>
757
       (25)
                              <wsman:Selector Name="CreationClassName">
758
                                Vendor_PhysicalElement
       (26)
759
       (27)
                               </wsman:Selector>
760
       (28)
                             </wsman:SelectorSet>
761
      (29)
                           </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
762
       (30)
                         </wsmb:Object>
763
      (31)
                         <wsmb:AssociationClassName>
764
       (32)
                           CIM_SystemPackaging
765
                         </wsmb:AssociationClassName>
       (33)
766
      (34)
                         <wsmb:ResultClassName>CIM System</wsmb:ResultClassName>
767
       (35)
                         <wsmb:IncludeResultProperty>Name</wsmb:IncludeResultProperty>
768
      (36)
                         <wsmb:IncludeResultProperty>
769
       (37)
                           PrimaryOwnerName
770
       (38)
                         </wsmb:IncludeResultProperty>
771
      (39)
                       </wsmb:AssociatedInstances>
772
       (40)
                     </wsman:Filter>
773
       (41)
                   </wsen:Enumerate>
774
       (42)
                  </s:Body>
775
      (43)
                </s:Envelope>
```

The results include the two requested properties as well as the EPR of the associated instances:

```
777
      (44) <s:Body>
778
      (45)
                <wsen:PullResponse>
779
       (46)
                    <wsen:EnumerationContext> ... </wsen:EnumerationContext>
780
       (47)
                    <wsen:Items>
781
       (48)
                        <wsman:Item>
782
       (49)
                             <wsman:XmlFragment>
783
      (50)
                                 <Name>system1</Name>
784
       (51)
                                 <PrimaryOwnerName>Joe</PrimaryOwnerName>
785
      (52)
                             </wsman:XmlFragment>
786
       (53)
                             <wsa04:EndpointReference>
787
       (54)
                              <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
788
                              <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
       (55)
789
       (56)
                                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
790
       (57)
               http://schemas.dmtf.org/cim/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem
791
       (58)
                                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
792
       (59)
793
       (60)
                              </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
794
       (61)
                          </wsa04:EndpointReference>
795
       (62)
                        </wsman:Item>
796
       (63)
                         <wsman:Ttem>
797
       (64)
                             <wsman:XmlFragment>
798
      (65)
                                 <Name>system2</Name>
799
       (66)
                                 <PrimaryOwnerName>Mary</primaryOwnerName>
800
       (67)
                             </wsman:XmlFragment>
801
       (68)
                             <wsa04:EndpointReference>
802
       (69)
                              <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
803
      (70)
                              <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
```

```
804
      (71)
                                  <wsman:ResourceURI>
805
       (72)
                                     http://schemas.vendor.com/.../Vendor_System
806
       (73)
                                  </wsman:ResourceURI>
807
       (74)
808
       (75)
                              </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
809
       (76)
                          </wsa04:EndpointReference>
810
       (77)
                         </wsman:Item>
811
       (78)
                         ...etc.
812
       (79)
                    </wsen:Items>
813
       (80)
                </wsen:PullResponse>
814
      (81) </s:Body>
```

8.2.2 Association Instances

815

For queries that return instances of the association class used in a relationship, the Enumerate message has the following form:

```
818
       (1)
            <wsen:Enumerate>
819
       (2)
                <wsman:Filter</pre>
820
                  Dialect="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/associationFilter">
       (3)
821
       (4)
                    <wsmb:AssociationInstances>
822
       (5)
                      <wsmb:Object> xs:any </wsmb:Object>
823
       (6)
                      <wsmb:ResultClassName> xs:NCName </wsmb:ResultClassName> ?
824
       (7)
                      <wsmb:Role> xs:NCName </wsmb:Role> ?
825
       (8)
                      <wsmb:IncludeResultProperty> xs:NCName </wsmb:IncludeResultProperty> *
826
       (9)
                    </wsmb:AssociationInstances>
827
       (10)
                </wsman:Filter>
828
       (11)
              </wsen:Enumerate>
```

- The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociationInstances
- The results include association instances related to the source object.
- R8.2.2-1: The results of the enumeration shall be instances of an association class subject to the additional constraints listed in this clause.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociationInstances/wsmb:Object
- 835 Identifies the source object for the association query and is required.
- R8.2.2-2: The results shall be instances of association classes for which one of the references is the object identified by this endpoint reference.
- R8.2.2-3: If the EPR to which the Enumerate message is sent and the EPR of the source object represent two different CIM namespaces, the service may return a wsen:CannotProcessFilter fault.
- R8.2.2-4: If the EPR of the source object does not reference exactly one valid CIM instance, the
 service shall respond with a wsen:CannotProcessFilter fault. Services should include a textual
 description of the problem.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociationInstances/wsmb:ResultClassName
- Represents the name of a CIM association class. This element or parameter is optional.
- **R8.2.2-5**: If the ResultClassName is present, the results shall contain only instances of the named class or a derived class.

- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociationInstances/wsmb:Role
- Represents the name of a reference property of a CIM association class. This element or parameter is optional.
- R8.2.2-6: If the Role element is present, the results shall include only instances of association classes that refer to the source object through a property whose name matches the value of this parameter.
- wsen:Enumerate/wsman:Filter/wsmb:AssociationInstances/wsmb:IncludeResultProperty
- Represents the name of one or more properties of a CIM class. This element or parameter is optional.
- 854 **R8.2.2-7**: If the query does not include an IncludeResultProperty element, the service shall return each instance representation using the GED defined for the object's class within the wsen:Items element.
- R8.2.2-8: If the query includes one or more IncludeResultProperty elements, the service shall return 856 each instance representation using the wsman:XmlFragment element. Within the wsman:XmlFragment 857 element, the service shall return property values using the property GEDs defined in the WS-CIM 858 Mapping Specification. If the query includes one or more IncludeResultProperty elements, the service 859 860 shall not return any IncludeResultProperty elements not specified. The service shall ignore any IncludeResultProperty elements that describe properties not defined by the target class. If the service 861 does not support fragment-level access, it shall return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the 862 863 following detail code:
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FragmentLevelAccess
- R8.2.2-9: A service may omit returned properties, even if explicitly requested, if and only if such properties have not been set (that is, the properties have a NULL value). The requestor is to interpret the absence of these properties as the properties having a value of NULL.
- R8.2.2-10: A service shall not return a fault if the association query contains a value for the Role or
 ResultClassName method parameters that names a CIM element that is not defined in the target CIM namespace or relevant CIM class.
- Clients should use wsman:Filter when using IncludeResultProperty elements as these queries contain projections and are not Boolean predicates.

9 Enumeration

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- 874 WS-Management 1.1 Enumeration is used as a basis for iteration through the members of a collection.
- When enumerating instances of classes, the WS-Management Enumerate operation is used.

9.1 EnumerationMode

- Supporting wsman:EnumerationMode enables clients to use enumeration as a method to discover instances. Clients can incorporate one of the EnumerationMode values to obtain the endpoint reference to such instances.
- **9.1-1**: To maximize interoperation, it is recommended that services that support enumeration also support wsman:EnumerationMode as defined in WS-Management.
- 882 EXAMPLE 1: The following example shows an unfiltered enumeration of a class. The class-specific ResourceURI is used when performing a simple unfiltered enumeration:

```
884 (1) ...
885 (2) <s:Header>
886 (3) <wsa04:Action>
887 (4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate
```

```
888
       (5)
                </wsa04:Action>
889
       (6)
890
       (7)
                <wsman:ResourceURI>
891
       (8)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem
892
       (9)
                </wsman:ResourceURI>
893
       (10)
              </s:Header>
894
       (11)
              <s:Body>
895
       (12)
                <wsen:Enumerate/>
896
       (13)
              </s:Body>
```

Enumerating this ResourceURI returns all instances of the named class and any derived classes:

```
898 (1) <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Red-202</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
899 (2) <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Blue-03</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
900 (3) <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Blue-04</Name> </CIM_ComputerSystem>
901 (4) <Vendor_ComputerSystem> <Name>Green-1</Name> ... </Vendor_ComputerSystem>
```

Each XML instance retrieved by the preceding enumeration contains all the properties of the specific class. For example, the third XML instance is actually of type CIM_UnitaryComputerSystem and might look as follows:

```
905
       (1)
            <CIM_UnitaryComputerSystem
906
       (2)
              xmlns= "http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_UnitaryComputerSystem">
907
       (3)
908
       (4)
                <Name> Blue-04 </Name>
909
       (5)
                <PowerManagementSupported> true </PowerManagementSupported>
910
       (6)
                <PrimaryOwnerName> Dave </PrimaryOwnerName>
911
       (7)
912
       (8)
913
       (9)
              </CIM_UnitaryComputerSystem>
```

9.2 XmlFragment

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915 XPath allows fragments of the instance to be returned.

9.2-1: Some filter expressions allow fragments of the instance to be returned. When these ad-hoc queries are performed, the results should be wrapped using wsman:XmlFragment as per R7.7-1 of the <u>WS-Management Specification</u>.

EXAMPLE 1: The following filter expression finds the name of all CIM_ComputerSystems owned by Dave and returns just the Name element of the instance provided that the owner is "Dave":

```
XPath: ../CIM_ComputerSystem[PrimaryOwnerName="Dave"]/Name
```

The filter expression results in a PullResponse of the following form:

```
923
       (1)
             <wsen:PullResponse>
924
       (2)
                <wsman:XmlFragment>
925
       (3)
                  <Name> Red-202 </Name>
926
       (4)
                </wsman:XmlFragment>
927
       (5)
                <wsman:XmlFragment>
928
       (6)
                  <Name> Blue-04 </Name>
929
       (7)
                </wsman:XmlFragment>
930
       (8)
931
       (9)
              </wsen:PullResponse>
```

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- 932 EXAMPLE 2: As a further refinement, just the value alone may be returned:
- 933 XPath: ../CIM ComputerSystem[PrimaryOwnerName="Dave"]/Name/text()
- 934 This modification of the filter expression results in a PullResponse of the following form:

```
935 (1) <wsen:PullResponse>
936 (2) <wsen:XmlFragment> Red-202 </wsen:XmlFragment>
937 (3) <wsen:XmlFragment> Blue-04 </wsen:XmlFragment>
938 (4) ...
939 (5) </wsen:PullResponse>
```

9.3 Polymorphism

- 941 Many CIM implementations allow polymorphism.
- A common way to extend CIM classes is to define derivatives of the CIM class. When a client requests objects of the type for CIM_Process, it is possible to return instances that are actually of a derived type such as Vendor Process.
- The result set may contain instances in accord with one of these three scenarios:
 - Results should contain instances from the base class and all derived classes, and each instance should be represented in its actual type including any derived properties.
 - Results should contain instances from the base class and all derived classes, but the XML document should be of the base class type and contain only elements corresponding to the properties of the base class.
 - Results should contain only instances of the base class and no instances of derived classes.
- The default behavior is to return all instances in their native representation.
 - **R9.3-1**: A service supporting enumeration shall include instances from the requested class and derived classes in the enumeration result unless otherwise directed by the client.

The client can request other behavior by adding the optional wsmb:PolymorphismMode element as a child element of the wsen:Enumeration element in the Enumeration request, as follows:

```
957
958
           . . .
959
       (
960
           <s:Body>
961
962
              <wsen:Enumerate>
963
964
965
966
                  <wsmb:PolymorphismMode> ... </wsmb:PolymorphismMode> ?
967
968
              </wsen:Enumerate>
969
       (
970
           </s:Body>
```

- **R9.3-2**: A service may optionally support the wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier element with a value of ExcludeSubClassProperties. The ExcludeSubClassProperties PolymorphismMode shall return instances of the requested class and derived classes represented using the base class's GED and XSD type. Properties defined in the derived class are not returned.
- **R9.3-3**: A service may optionally support the wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier element with a value of None. The None Polymorphism mode shall return instances of the requested class only.
- 977 R9.3-4: A service may optionally support the wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier element with a value

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of IncludeSubClassProperties. The IncludeSubClassProperties shall return instances of the requested class and derived classes using the actual class's GED and XSD type. This is the same as not specifying the polymorphism mode.

981 **R9.3-5**: If the service does not support the requested polymorphism mode, it should return a wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported fault.

R9.3-6: The service should return a wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported fault for requests using the "all classes" ResourceURI if the PolymorphismMode element is present and does not have a value of IncludeSubClassProperties.

R9.3-7: If both wsman:EnumerationMode and wsmb:PolymorphismMode are supported and wsman:EnumerationMode is present in the request, the service shall always use the Resource URI of the actual class in the returned EPR regardless of the value of wsmb:PolymorphismMode. This allows the client to retrieve and update the actual instance.

EXAMPLE 1: The following example shows an unfiltered enumeration using just base class properties. Using the PolymorphismMode element along with the class-specific ResourceURI yields the same results as the example in 9.1, but the derived type is "cast away" or dropped.

```
993
        (1)
             . . .
 994
        (2)
               <s:Header>
 995
        (3)
                 <wsa04:Action>
 996
        (4)
                   http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate
 997
        (5)
                 </wsa04:Action>
 998
        (6)
 999
        (7)
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
1000
        (8)
                   http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM ComputerSystem
1001
        (9)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
1002
        (10)
               </s:Header>
1003
        (11)
               <s:Body>
1004
        (12)
                 <wsen:Enumerate>
1005
        (13)
                   <wsmb:PolymorphismMode> ExcludeSubClassProperties <wsmb:PolymorphismMode>
1006
        (14)
                 </wsen:Enumerate>
1007
        (15)
               </s:Body>
```

The same four instances are returned but "cast" as CIM_ComputerSystem:

```
1009 (1) <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Red-202</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1010 (2) <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Blue-03</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1011 (3) <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Blue-04</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1012 (4) <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Green-1</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
```

Note that the third instance no longer contains the PowerManagementSupported property added by CIM_UnitaryComputerSystem:

```
1015
        (1)
             <CIM_ComputerSystem
1016
        (2)
                 xmlns="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem">
1017
        (3)
1018
        (4)
                 <Name> Blue-04 </Name>
1019
        (5)
                 <PrimaryOwnerName> Dave </PrimaryOwnerName>
1020
        (6)
1021
        (7)
1022
               </CIM_ComputerSystem>
```

R9.3-8: If an Enumerate request specifies wsmb:PolymorphismMode=ExcludeSubClassProperties and wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateObjectAndEPR or EnumerateEPR, then the service shall return EPRs that reference instances of the most-derived classes of the requested class in the ResourceURI.

1026 The body of the request message appears as follows:

```
1027
        (1)
             <wsen:Enumerate>
1028
                 <wsman:EnumerationMode> EnumerateObjectAndEPR </wsman:EnumerationMode>
        (2)
1029
                 <wsmb:PolymorphismMode> ExcludeSubClassProperties </wsmb:PolymorphismMode>
        (3)
       (4)
1030
               </wsen:Enumerate>
```

1031 The corresponding response message contains the following fragment. Note that the EPR for Blue-04 can be used to 1032 access the property PrimaryOwnerName that is not present in the value returned.

```
1033
        (1)
             <wsen:Items>
1034
        (2)
                 <wsman:Item>
1035
        (3)
                  <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Red-202</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1036
        (4)
                   <wsa04:EndpointReference>
1037
        (5)
                    <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
1038
        (6)
                    <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
1039
                      <wsman:ResourceURI>
        (7)
1040
                        http://schemas.dmtf.org/.../CIM_ComputerSystem
        (8)
1041
                      </wsman:ResourceURI>
        (9)
1042
        (10)
                      <wsman:SelectorSet> ... </wsman:SelectorSet>
1043
        (11)
                    </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
1044
        (12)
                   </wsa04:EndpointReference>
1045
        (13)
                 </wsman:Item>
1046
        (14)
               <wsman:Item>
1047
        (15)
                 <CIM_ComputerSystem> <Name>Blue-04</Name> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1048
        (16)
                 <wsa04:EndpointReference>
1049
        (17)
                  <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
1050
        (18)
                   <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
1051
        (19)
                      <wsman:ResourceURI>
1052
        (20)
                        http://schemas.dmtf.org/.../CIM_UnitaryComputerSystem
1053
        (21)
                      </wsman:ResourceURI>
1054
        (22)
                      <wsman:SelectorSet> ... </wsman:SelectorSet>
1055
                    </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
        (23)
1056
        (24)
                   </wsa04:EndpointReference>
1057
        (25)
                 </wsman:Item>
1058
        (26)
1059
        (27)
             </wsen:Items>
```

9.4 XPath Enumeration Using the Class-Specific ResourceURI

1061 The ResourceURI contains the class name, as for unfiltered enumeration:

```
1062
        (1)
             <wsman:ResourceURI>
1063
        (2)
                 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem
1064
        (3)
               </wsman:ResourceURI>
```

1065 The XPath is anchored at an abstract array of CIM ComputerSystem XML nodes, which represent all 1066 available instances:

```
1067
       (1) <CIM_ComputerSystem> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1068
        (2)
               <CIM_ComputerSystem> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1069
        (3)
               <CIM_ComputerSystem> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1070
       (4)
               <CIM_ComputerSystem> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
```

- 1071 The XPath filter expression is evaluated against each possible instance of the specified class, and the
- instance is either selected as part of the result set or is discarded.
- 1073 PolymorphismMode=ExcludeSubClassProperties is used to ensure that all instances have the same type.
- 1074 The following XPath expressions all select every instance of CIM_ComputerSystem and are identical:

```
1075 (1) XPath: .
1076 (2) XPath: ../CIM_ComputerSystem
```

To filter, the [] filter expressions from XPath may be used. The following selects only instances that have a PrimaryOwnerName property set to "Dave":

```
1079 XPath: ../CIM_ComputerSystem[PrimaryOwnerName="Dave"]
```

1080 If PolymorphismMode=IncludeSubClassProperties were used, the following two XPath filters would have different results:

```
1082 (1) XPath: .[Owner="Dave"]
1083 (2) XPath: ../CIM_ComputerSystem[Owner="Dave"]
```

The first XPath would match all instances regardless of type, while the second XPath would select only those instances whose actual type was CIM_ComputerSystem.

9.5 XPath Enumerate Using the "All Classes" ResourceURI

1087 As an alternative to a class-specific ResourceURI, the URI meaning "all classes" may be specified:

```
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/*
```

This URI is a resource that refers to all instances of all classes. In this case, the abstract array of instances is mixed and includes elements of classes other than CIM_ComputerSystem.

```
1091
             <CIM_ComputerSystem> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1092
        (2)
               <CIM_ComputerSystem> ... </CIM_ComputerSystem>
1093
        (3)
               <CIM_SoftwareElement> ... </CIM_SoftwareElement>
1094
        (4)
               <CIM_SoftwareElement> ... </CIM_SoftwareElement>
1095
        (5)
               <CIM_LogicalDisk> ... <CIM_LogicalDisk>
1096
        (6)
               <CIM_LogicalDisk> ... <CIM_LogicalDisk>
1097
        (7)
               <CIM_LogicalDisk> ... <CIM_LogicalDisk>
1098
        (8)
               ...etc.
```

1099 In the following example, the first query contains no class-specific information. Therefore, the query 1100 specifies "all instances of all classes". The second query refers to a specific class:

```
1101 (1) XPath: .
1102 (2) XPath: ../CIM_ComputerSystem
```

- Services do not typically support the first query if the "all classes" ResourceURI is used, but they may do so.
- NOTE: The XPath queries are identical to those provided in 9.4. The ResourceURI simply changes the implied pool of instances over which the query is executed.

10 Subscriptions

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- The WS-Management Subscribe operation (from <u>WS-Management 1.1</u> notifications) is used to subscribe to CIM indications. WS-Management 1.1 notifications uses the term "event" for the SOAP message sent to
- 1110 the receiver, while CIM uses the term "indication" for the observation of an event.

- 1111 The CIM Schema defines a set of special classes to support the delivery of indications to interested
- 1112 receivers. In the CIM Schema, indications are represented by the CIM Indication class or a subclass of
- 1113 CIM Indication. Subscriptions can express interest in a set of CIM Indications by providing a query
- expression or by referring to an already existing query. This clause outlines the relationship between the
- 1115 WS-Management 1.1 notifications messages and these CIM classes.
- 1116 A typical scenario for use of CIM indications would be a management client interested in receiving "sensor
- state change" indications from a device that it is managing. To receive these indications, the client would
- 1118 take the following steps:

1127

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1129

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- 1119 1) Construct or identify the indication filter.
- 1120 2) Create the WS-Management 1.1 notifications Subscribe request.
- 1121 3) Receive indications.
- 1122 A management service might need the ability to report on all subscriptions on a server.
- 1123 In the CIM Schema, subscriptions are represented by a trio of classes:
- CIM_IndicationFilter (or CIM_FilterCollection) captures the query or filter identifying the subset of indications of interest.
 - CIM_ListenerDestination captures information about where or how the indications are to be delivered.
 - CIM_IndicationSubscription (or CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription) associates an instance of CIM_IndicationFilter (or CIM_FilterCollection) with CIM_ListenerDestination.
- These classes are used in different parts of the subscription life cycle, as indicated in the remainder of this clause.
- R10-1: A service that supports subscriptions shall do so using the WS-Management 1.1 notifications
- operations as defined in WS-Management. It is recommended that a service internally create the
- requisite CIM indication-related instances when the service accepts a subscription using the Subscribe
- 1135 message from a Web services client.
- 1136 R10-2: A service may deliver indications based on the creation of instances of the CIM indication-
- related classes in addition to supporting WS-Management 1.1 notifications.
- 1138 R10-3: A service that does not support the WS-Management Default Addressing Model is not required
- to conform to the rules for the ResourceURI described in the text and examples in the following
- subclauses (clause 10 and its subclauses). All examples about WS-Management 1.1 notifications filter
- dialects apply to services independent of their addressing model.

10.1 Indication Filters

- When subscribing to indications, the same XPath and CQL filter usage is observed as for enumerations.
- However, association queries are not applicable to subscriptions.
- When CQL is used, the subscription filter includes the name of the class being selected for the
- 1146 subscription:
- 1147 select * from CIM_AlertIndication where MessageID="394"
- 1148 CQL statements with projections can also be used, in which case the selected properties of the indications 1149 are wrapped using wsman:XmlFragment as described in 8.1.
- The are mapped doing from any time ragine in accombod in
- 1150 The same filter can be expressed in XPath:
- 1./CIM_AlertIndication[MessageID="394"]

1152 XPath filters can also be written without identifying the class. The same filter could be expressed using the following XPath filter if it were applied to instances of CIM AlertIndication:

```
1154 ./[MessageID="394"]
```

1157

1161

These filter expressions can be formulated by the client, or they might already exist on the server (as an instance of CIM IndicationFilter).

10.2 Subscribe Request

- 1158 The client constructs the subscribe request to express interest in a subset of the indications on the service.
- The client can filter the indications by specifying a filter directly in the subscribe request or by referring to an
- 1160 existing filter stored on the service.

10.2.1 Subscribing Using a Filter

- When subscribing using a filter expression, the client can target the subscribe request to either the CIM
- 1163 Server or a specific indication class.

1164 10.2.1.1 Subscribing to the CIM Server

- When subscribing to the CIM Server, a filter dialect such as CQL can be used. In this case, the query alone
- 1166 contains the necessary information as to which class is being filtered and the "all classes" ResourceURI
- 1167 can be used for addressing.
- 1168 R10.2.1.1-1: If a service supports client-supplied CQL expressions and the WS-Management Default
- 1169 Addressing Model, it should accept wse:Subscribe messages addressed to the "all-classes"
- 1170 ResourceURI.
- 1171 EXAMPLE: The following example shows a Subscribe message to set up a subscription for changes in sensor state.

 1172 It is addressed to the "all classes" ResourceURI and uses a CQL filter to detect instance indications in which the CurrentState property has changed:

```
(1) <s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
1174
1175
               xmlns:wsa04="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
1176
        (3)
               xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"
1177
               xmlns:wse="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/eventing">
        (4)
1178
        (5)
             <s:Header>
1179
        (6)
               <wsa04:Action>
1180
        (7)
                http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe
1181
        (8)
               </wsa04:Action>
1182
        (9)
               <wsa04:To> http://127.0.0.1:9999/wsman </wsa04:To>
1183
        (10)
                 <wsa04:MessageID> . . . </wsa04:MessageID>
1184
        (11)
                 <wsa04:ReplyTo>
1185
        (12)
                  http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
1186
        (13)
                 </wsa04:ReplyTo>
1187
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
        (14)
1188
        (15)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/*
1189
        (16)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
1190
        (17)
               </s:Header>
1191
        (18)
               <s:Body>
1192
        (19)
                 <wse:Subscribe>
1193
        (20)
                   <wse:Delivery</pre>
1194
        (21)
                      Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck">
1195
        (22)
                    <wse:NotifyTo>
1196
        (23)
                      <wsa04:Address> . . . </wsa04:Address>
```

```
1197
        (24)
                      . . .
1198
        (25)
                    </wse:NotifyTo>
1199
        (26)
                  </wse:Delivery>
1200
        (27)
                  <wsman:Filter dialect="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cql/1/dsp0202.pdf">
1201
        (28)
                    <!-- whenever the state of any sensor changes -->
1202
        (29)
                    SELECT *
1203
        (30)
                    FROM CIM_InstIndication
1204
        (31)
                    WHERE SourceInstance ISA CIM_Sensor
1205
        (32)
                     AND PreviousInstance ISA CIM Sensor
1206
        (33)
                      AND PreviousInstance.CIM Sensor::CurrentState <&qt;
1207
        (34)
                         SourceInstance.CIM_Sensor::CurrentState
1208
        (35)
                  </wsman:Filter>
1209
        (36)
                 </wse:Subscribe>
1210
        (37)
               </s:Body>
1211
        (38) </s:Envelope>
```

- When subscribing to the CIM Server, instances of all classes are implicitly addressed; therefore, separate polymorphism modes are not relevant.
- 1214 R10.2.1.1-2: A service supporting wse:Subscribe messages addressed to the "all classes" 1215 ResourceURI shall return a wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported fault if the
- 1216 wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier is present and does not equal IncludeSubClassProperties.

10.2.1.2 Subscribing to an Indication Class

- A subset of all indications can also be expressed by subscribing to an indication class. In this case, the EPR contains the necessary information as to which class is being filtered. An additional filter might or might not be present, but it would apply only to the instances of class indicated by the EPR.
- R10.2.1.2-1: If a service supports client filtering over a particular class of indications and the WS-Management Default Addressing Model, it should accept wse:Subscribe messages addressed to the class-specific ResourceURI for CIM_Indication or a subclass of CIM_Indication.
- 1224 EXAMPLE: The following example shows a Subscribe message to set up a subscription for changes in temperature sensors. It is addressed to the resource URI for the CIM_AlertIndication class and uses XPath to select instances of the class in which one of the desired messages is present:

 Note that the NotifyTo EPR may specify either version of addressing, independent of the version used in the Subscribe message itself. See DSP0226 1.1, clause 5.3, for clarification.

```
1229
        (1) <s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
1230
        (2)
                 xmlns:wsa04="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
1231
        (3)
                 xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"
1232
        (4)
                 xmlns:wse="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/eventing" >
1233
        (5)
               <s:Header>
1234
        (6)
                 <wsa04:Action>
1235
        (7)
                  http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe
1236
        (8)
                 </wsa04:Action>
1237
        (9)
                 <wsa04:To> http://127.0.0.1:9999/wsman </wsa04:To>
1238
                 <wsa04:MessageID> . . . </wsa04:MessageID>
        (10)
1239
        (11)
                 <wsa04:ReplyTo>
1240
        (12)
                  http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
1241
        (13)
                 </wsa04:ReplyTo>
1242
        (14)
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
1243
        (15)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/CIM_AlertIndication
1244
        (16)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
```

```
1245
        (17)
               </s:Header>
1246
        (18)
               <s:Body>
1247
        (19)
                <wse:Subscribe>
1248
        (20)
                  <wse:Delivery</pre>
1249
        (21)
                      Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck">
1250
        (22)
                    <wse:NotifyTo>
1251
        (23)
                      <wsa:Address> . . . </wsa:Address>
1252
        (24)
1253
        (25)
                    </wse:NotifyTo>
1254
        (26)
                   </wse:Delivery>
1255
        (27)
                   <wsman:Filter</pre>
1256
        (28)
                      xmlns:c="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/CIM_AlertIndication">
1257
        (29)
                    .[c:OwningEntity="DMTF" and (c:MessageID="394" or c:MessageID="396"
                    or c:MessageID="398" or c:MessageID="400" or c:MessageID="413")]
1258
        (30)
1259
        (31)
                   </wsman:Filter>
1260
        (32)
                 </wse:Subscribe>
1261
        (33)
               </s:Body>
1262
        (34) </s:Envelope>
```

Additional filtering, such as XPath filters, on the instances of CIM_AlertIndication that are identified by the EPR can be allowed. However, this practice is discouraged because using CQL expressions in this context creates the possibility for contradictions between the class identified by the EPR and the class identified in the CQL expression.

R10.2.1.2-2: A service that supports a class-specific ResourceURI as a target of the wse:Subscribe message should return the wse:InvalidMessage fault if such messages specify a filter that includes class information as part of the filter expression.

When the wse:Subscribe message is addressed to an indication class, the wsmb:PolymorphismMode element described in 9.3 can be used to control how polymorphism is handled for indications on event delivery. The wsmb:PolymorphismMode element becomes a child element of the Subscribe element.

R10.2.1.2-3: A service supporting wse:Subscribe messages addressed to a CIM indication class through a class-specific ResourceURI shall provide indication instances from the requested class and its subclasses in event delivery unless otherwise directed by the client.

R10.2.1.2-4: A service supporting wse:Subscribe messages addressed to a CIM indication class through a class-specific ResourceURI may support the use of the wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier as a child of the wse:Subscribe element, with the resulting event instances typed according to rules **R9.3-2**, **R9.3-3**, and **R9.3-4**.

10.2.2 Subscribing to an Existing Filter

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The service may have existing filters because of profile provisions implemented or filters previously created by a client. The client needs a way to express interest in one of these filters. These filters are represented by instances of either the CIM_IndicationFilter or CIM_FilterCollection classes; hereafter these instances are referred to as existing filters.

1285 R10.2.2-1: If a service supports filtering using an existing filter expression and the WS-Management Default Addressing Model, it should accept wse:Subscribe messages addressed to the class-specific ResourceURI for an instance of the existing filter class.

1288 EXAMPLE: The following example shows a Subscribe message to set up a subscription to an existing filter named by "example.org::temperatureSensors::stateChanges":

```
1290 (1) <s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"

1291 (2) xmlns:wsa04="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
```

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1334 1335

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```
1292
        (3)
                 xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"
1293
        (4)
                 xmlns:wse="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/eventing" >
1294
        (5)
               <s:Header>
1295
        (6)
                <wsa04:Action>
1296
        (7)
                  http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe
1297
        (8)
                 </wsa04:Action>
1298
        (9)
                 <wsa04:To> http://127.0.0.1:9999/wsman </wsa04:To>
1299
        (10)
                 <wsa04:MessageID> . . . </wsa04:MessageID>
1300
        (11)
                 <wsa04:ReplyTo>
1301
        (12)
                  http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
1302
        (13)
                 </wsa04:ReplyTo>
1303
        (14)
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
1304
        (15)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/CIM_IndicationFilter
1305
        (16)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
1306
        (17)
                 <wsman:SelectorSet>
1307
        (18)
                  <wsman:Selector name="Name">
1308
        (19)
                    example.org::temperatureSensors::stateChanges
1309
        (20)
                  </wsman:Selector>
1310
        (21)
                  <wsman:Selector name="SystemCreationClassName">
1311
        (22)
                    CIM_ComputerSystem
1312
        (23)
                  </wsman:Selector>
1313
        (24)
                  <wsman:Selector name="__cimnamespace">interop</wsman:Selector>
1314
        (25)
                 </wsman:SelectorSet>
1315
        (26)
              </s:Header>
1316
        (27)
              <s:Body>
1317
        (28)
                <wse:Subscribe>
1318
                  <wse:Delivery</pre>
        (29)
1319
        (30)
                      Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck">
1320
        (31)
                    <wse:NotifyTo>
1321
        (32)
                      <wsa:Address> . . . </wsa:Address>
1322
        (33)
1323
        (34)
                    </wse:NotifyTo>
1324
        (35)
                  </wse:Delivery>
1325
        (36)
                  <!-- wse:Filter and wsman:Filter not permitted in this case. -->
1326
        (37)
                 </wse:Subscribe>
1327
        (38)
              </s:Body>
1328
        (39) </s:Envelope>
```

R10.2.2-2: If a service supports filtering using an existing filter expression (as indicated by the EPR), the service message shall return the wsman:InvalidParameter fault if the wse:Subscribe request includes a filter expression (such as in the wse:Filter or wsman:Filter elements).

R10.2.2-3: A service supporting Subscribe to an existing filter using the WS-Management Default Addressing Model should support access using a class-specific ResourceURI corresponding to a filter with selector values that identify the instance of the actual class of the desired filter. The referenced base class shall be one for which CIM keys have been defined; otherwise, the service should respond with a wsman:InvalidSelectors fault with the following detail code:

http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnexpectedSelectors

When subscribing to an existing filter, the classes of interest are indicated by the filter expression and separate polymorphism modes are not relevant.

- R10.2.2-4: A service supporting wse:Subscribe messages addressed to an instance of CIM_IndicationFilter or CIM_FilterCollection through a class-specific ResourceURI shall return a wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported fault if the wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier is present and does not equal IncludeSubClassProperties.
- Subscribing to an instance of CIM_IndicationFilter (or CIM_FilterCollection) works regardless of whether or not the service created the filter or if a client constructed the instance prior to sending the Subscribe message. The client can construct instances of these filter classes using mechanisms such as WS-Management 1.1 resource access Create. In this case, the service is accepting a client-defined filter expression, so the service must also accept the same filter expression in a Subscribe message.
- R10.2.2-5: If a service supports creating an instance of CIM_IndicationFilter (using WS-Management 1.1 resource access Create or another mechanism), the service shall also support a wse:Subscribe message in which the filter expression is specified in the wsman:Filter element in body of the Subscribe message.

10.3 Subscription Response

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- A successful SubscribeResponse message includes a SubscriptionManager element containing an EPR to be used to Unsubscribe from or Renew this subscription.
- R10.3-1: The SubscriptionManager EPR in a successful SubscribeResponse shall be unique, as seen by the Subscription Manager, to the subscription created by the Subscribe request.
- That is, the SubscriptionManager EPR returned by the service shall contain some elements that correlate, in the context of the Subscription Manager, one-to-one with the single subscription that was just created.
- R10.3-2: A service shall accept an Unsubscribe or Renew request whose EPR matches a
 SubscriptionManager EPR that was previously returned to a client, provided that the subscription is still active.
- That is, if a service accepts a subscription and returns a SubscriptionManager EPR to a client, the service shall accept that EPR as the target of an Unsubscribe or Renew message.
- Because both the client and the service depend on this EPR, the SubscriptionManager EPR shall be valid for the duration of the subscription.

10.4 Event Delivery

- When instances of CIM_Indication or a subclass are indicated by the notifications infrastructure, they are delivered as event SOAP messages according to the delivery mode in the wse:Subscribe request. The following rules describe the XML representation of the indication:
- R10.4-1: When delivering the event XML for an indication, the wsa:Action URI of the event should be set to the same value as the XML namespace for the actual class of the indication instance.
- 1373 **R10.4-2**: When delivering the event XML for an indication, the event body shall be the XML representation of the indication instance as per the <u>WS-CIM Mapping Specification</u>, subject to any additional client requests such as projection or polymorphism.
- 1376 EXAMPLE: The following example shows an instance of CIM_InstModification delivered as a single event using the Push delivery mode:
- 1378 (1) <s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"

 1379 (2) xmlns:wsa04="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"

 1380 (3) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"

 1381 (4) xmlns:class=
- 1382 (5) "http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_InstModification"

```
1383
        (6)
                 xmlns:common="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/common"
1384
        (7)
                 xmlns:wse="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/eventing">
1385
        (8)
               <s:Header>
1386
        (9)
                 <wsa04:Action>
1387
        (10)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_InstModification
1388
        (11)
                 </wsa04:Action>
1389
        (12)
                 <wsa04:To> . . </wsa04:To>
1390
        (13)
                 <wsa04:MessageID> . . . </wsa04:MessageID>
1391
        (14)
               </s:Header>
1392
        (15)
              <s:Body>
1393
        (16)
                <class:CIM_InstModification>
1394
        (17)
                  <class:IndicationIdentifier>
1395
        (18)
                    CIM:12345678-abcd-0000-fedc-0123456789ab
1396
        (19)
                  </class:IndicationIdentifier>
1397
        (20)
                  <class:IndicationTime>
1398
        (21)
                    <common:dateTime>2007-04-01T11:22:33.123Z/common:dateTime>
1399
        (22)
                  </class:IndicationTime>
1400
        (23)
                  <class:PerceivedSeverity>5</class:PerceivedSeverity>
1401
        (24)
                  <class:PreviousInstance> . . . </class:PreviousInstance>
1402
        (25)
                  <class:SourceInstance> . . . </class:SourceInstance>
1403
        (26)
                  <class:SourceInstanceHost>10.57.217.39</class:SourceInstanceHost>
1404
                  <class:SourceInstanceModelPath> . . . </class:SourceInstanceModelPath>
        (27)
1405
        (28)
                 </class:CIM InstModification>
1406
        (29)
               </s:Body>
1407
        (30) </s:Envelope>
```

10.5 Subscription Reporting

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Subscription Reporting is the ability of an implementation to report on the existing filters, collections, and subscriptions. Subscriptions can be created and deleted through the Subscribe and Unsubscribe operations. Filters and subscriptions may also be created, modified, and deleted directly using other protocol operations described in this specification. An implementation should instantiate instances that reflect the results of the operations described in this specification.

R10.5-1: It is recommended that a service create in its CIM service the requisite CIM indication-related instances when the service accepts a subscription using the Subscribe message from a Web services client. The CIM namespace in which these instances are created is beyond the scope of this specification.

The rules in the following clauses describe requirements for the content of the CIM indication-related classes if such reporting is supported as recommended in the preceding rule.

1420 Every active subscription contains three components:

- An instance of CIM_IndicationFilter or CIM_FilterCollection that describes the indications to be delivered;
- An instance of CIM_ListenerDestinationWSManagement that describes the client-specified endpoint for delivery of indications; and
- An instance of CIM_IndicationSubscription or CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription that links the filter and the destination, and describes additional characteristics of the subscription.

10.5.1 CIM_IndicationFilter

The CIM_IndicationFilter class captures the filter used in the subscription.

R10.5.1-1: If a subscribe request contains a filter expression, a service shall create an instance of CIM IndicationFilter and set the properties as indicated in Table 2.

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Table 2 – CIM IndicationFilter Properties

Property Name	Value			
Query	Filter expression from the Subscribe request, including XML if appropriate for the indicated QueryLanguage			
QueryLanguage	Dialect URI from the Subscribe request			
	For example, if a CQL expression were used in the Subscribe request the URI would be:			
	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cql/1/dsp0202.pdf			

When subscribing to an existing filter expression, the instance of CIM_IndicationFilter already exists so a new instance is not created.

10.5.2 CIM_ListenerDestinationWSManagement

1435 The CIM ListenerDestinationWSManagement class captures the endpoint for event delivery.

R10.5.2-1: A service shall ensure that, for each subscribed endpoint, an instance of CIM ListenerDestinationWSManagement exists and contains the properties as indicated in Table 3.

Table 3 - CIM_ListenerDestinationWSManagement Required Properties

Property Name	Value			
Protocol	4 ("WS-Management")			
Destination	The URL in the wsa:Address element of wse:NotifyTo			
	If the delivery mode does not have a destination EPR (such as the Pull delivery mode), the WS-Management 1.1 Addressing or WS-Addressing anonymous URI should be used as a place holder. Using the anonymous URI indicates that the event sink will contact the event source; the anonymous URI is not to be confused with the ReplyTo EPR in that request.			

A WS-Management subscription contains a number of terms that extend the concept of a CIM subscription.

Additional properties in CIM_ListenerDestinationWSManagement capture these extensions. In most cases, the values of the new properties come from elements in the Subscribe request. In a few cases, the values are dictated by the WS-Mananagement protocol.

These properties are likely to be managed by users and client applications, and they might be of interest to users enumerating existing subscriptions. Some small footprint implementations of WS-Management services might not wish to expose all these properties.

R10.5.2-2: If the subscribe request specifies any of the following options, the corresponding properties of the CIM_ListenerDestinationWSManagement instance should be set according to the values shown in Table 4. These guidelines might be updated by newer versions of this class; the actual MOF definition takes precedence over the information in Table 4.

Table 4 – CIM_ListenerDestinationWSManagement Optional Properties

Property Name	Value
DestinationEndTo	Similar to Destination, but applies to the EndTo EPR, if present
Locale	RFC 5646 language code from the Subscribe request, if present
ContentEncoding	The value of the ContentEncoding element from the Subscribe request, if present

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Property Name	Value
DeliveryMode	A ValueMap value that captures the Delivery/@Mode URI from the Subscribe request
Heartbeat	Interval in seconds at which point a heartbeat event will be sent if no other events have been sent
SendBookmarks	True if the SendBookmarks element was present in the Subscribe request
MaxTime	The time in seconds to build a batch when using a batching delivery mode
DeliveryAuth	The security profile URI being used by the event source when delivering events through a Push delivery mode
PolymorphismMode	A ValueMap value that captures the polymorphism choice if present in the Subscribe request

In general, instances of ListenerDestinationWSManagement are not reusable because of the terms of the subscription and the rules regarding their deletion when a subscription ends. Whether instances are shared is beyond the scope of this specification.

10.5.3 CIM IndicationSubscription and CIM FilterCollectionSubscription

The CIM_IndicationSubscription and CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription classes capture associations between the indication filter or filter collection and the endpoint for event delivery. An instance of one of these classes represents the subscription created by the Subscribe request.

R10.5.3-1: If a Subscribe request is addressed to an instance of CIM_IndicationFilter, or results in the creation of an instance of CIM_IndicationFilter, then a service shall create an instance of CIM_IndicationSubscription and set the properties as indicated in Table 5 as part of a successful Subscribe operation.

Table 5 – Required Properties for CIM_IndicationSubscription and CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription

Property Name	Value
SubscriptionDuration	The time at which the subscription expires as indicated in the Subscribe response
OnFatalErrorPolicy = "Remove"	Not applicable
RepeatNotificationPolicy = "None"	Not applicable
SubscriptionInfo	Unique value identifying the subscription

1463 **R10.5.3-2**: If a subscription request is addressed to an instance of CIM_FilterCollection, then a service shall instead create an instance of CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription with properties as indicated in Table 5.

R10.5.3-3: If a service that supports Renew created an instance of CIM_IndicationSubscription (or CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription) when processing the Subscribe message, it shall update the SubscriptionDuration to reflect the new expiration time when processing the Renew message.

WS-Management 1.1 notifications uses the subscription manager EPR in the SubscribeReponse message to identify the subscription. It defines the wse:Identifier element for use as a reference parameter in this EPR, but it is not required. For convenience, it is recommended that this element be used and match the SubscriptionInfo property.

R10.5.3-4: A service should populate the SubscriptionInfo field with a URI to identify the subscription. If the wse:Identifier is being used as a reference parameter in the SubscriptionManager

1475	EPR, then the service should use the same value as the value of the wse:Identifier reference
1476	parameter.

Services can use the same URI format as outlined in 2.7 of the <u>WS-Management Specification</u> for wsa:MessageID.

10.5.4 Proxy Considerations

In some cases, the WS-Management service might be a proxy or adapter to an existing system. Such implementations have the following two pieces of information to track:

- the information about the subscription between the client and the WS-Management service
- the information about the subscription between the WS-Management service and the CIM Server

The rules in this specification describe how to represent the information about the subscription between the client and the WS-Management service. The representation of the information between the

1487 WS-Management service and the CIM Server is beyond the scope of this specification.

Implementations can choose to represent this "local" subscription using similar techniques, but the information would differ in properties such as the CIM ListenerDestination. Destination that would be the

address of the WS-Management service for the local subscription. Implementations can choose to create

parallel subscriptions for each or do analysis to avoid sending the same indication multiple times on the

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10.6 Unsubscribe and Renew Requests

1494 A client may extend the duration of a subscription using a wse:Renew request, if the service supports such requests.

R10.6-1: If a service supports notifications but does not support renewing subscriptions, the service may fault a wse:Renew request with the fault code wse:UnableToRenew. If a service supports notifications, the service shall not fault a wse:Renew request with fault code wsa:ActionNotSupported

1499 Unsubscribe and Renew requests may be addressed to a service using the SubscriptionManager EPR that 1500 was returned in the SubscribeResponse message.

In lieu of using the SubscriptionManager EPR from the SubscribeResponse message, a client may construct a new SubscriptionManager EPR of a particular form that is acceptable to the service. If the ReferenceParameters of the EPR uniquely specify an existing instance of IndicationSubscription or FilterCollectionSubscription, a service is required to accept the Unsubscribe or Renew request at the normal protocol endpoint address, that is, the protocol endpoint where that subscription can be seen with Enumerate or Get. The To address of the SubscriptionManager EPR is not necessarily valid over long periods of time; the address may change because of dynamic addressing assigned to the protocol endpoint or subscription manager service.

R10.6-2: A service shall accept an Unsubscribe request or Renew request whose EPR specifies a valid instance of IndicationSubscription or FilterCollectionSubscription. A service shall accept a request of this form at the To address of the protocol endpoint at which the subscription can be accessed with Enumerate or Get operations. A service may also accept a request of this form at the To address of the SubscriptionManager EPR.

1514 If the EPR does not specify a valid and unique IndicationSubscription or FilterCollectionSubscription, then 1515 the service shall fault the request. For instance, if a subscription has been terminated for any reason, then 1516 a SubscriptionManager EPR or a constructed EPR specifying that subscription will not be valid.

R10.6-3: A service shall delete at most one subscription as a result of an Unsubscribe request.

- 1518 The Unsubscribe request shall be sufficiently specific that it removes one subscription, or none in the case 1519 of a fault for any reason.
- 1520 When a subscription is terminated, a service is required to clean up data structures that were created to 1521 represent the subscription.
- 1522 When a subscriber is no longer interested in receiving indications from a subscription, it can cancel the 1523 subscription using a wse:Unsubscribe request.
- 1524 R10.6-4: If a service created CIM indication-related instances as described in 10.5, then the service 1525 shall delete those instances when the subscription is canceled for any reason.
- 1526 In all cases, the instance of CIM IndicationSubscription (or CIM FilterCollectionSubscription) is deleted 1527 because this instance represents the actual subscription.
- 1528 Instances of the other members of the association might be reused between subscriptions. For example, if 1529 a subscription were addressed to an existing filter (an instance of CIM IndicationFilter), then that instance need not be deleted when the subscription is deleted. The exact ownership of these instances and a 1530
- 1531 method to determine when to delete them is beyond the scope of this specification.

11 Extrinsic Methods

- 1533 Invoking an extrinsic method uses the action URIs and messages defined by the WS-CIM Mapping
- 1534 Specification (clause 8.3, "CIM Methods to WSDL Mappings"). The request and response message
- schemas for an extrinsic method are defined in the WS-CIM schema for the CIM class that defines the 1535
- 1536 method (and the request and response message schemas use the XML namespace for that class). The
- 1537 wsa:Action URIs are derived from the XML namespace of the class and the method name as per the WS-
- 1538 CIM Mapping Specification. The endpoint reference is transformed into SOAP headers as defined by
- WS-Addressing and WS-Management 1.1, clause 5.1, in the same way as other WS-Management 1539
- 1540 elements.

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- 1541 When using the WS-Management Default Addressing Model, the rules for ResourceURI and selector usage
- 1542 are the same as those described in clause 7 of this specification.

12 Exceptions 1543

12.1 Fault Responses to Method Errors

- 1545 For some CIM server implementations, invoking either an intrinsic or extrinsic method can result in the
- 1546 production of one or more exceptions before the corresponding method completes on the CIM server. In
- 1547 this case, the requested CIM operation may not be able to successfully complete and the service may not
- 1548 be able to return the output for the operation. The service responds with a SOAP fault message containing
- 1549 the exception instances according to the following rules:
- 1550 R12.1-1: If a service receives a WS-Management request message that translates into a CIM intrinsic 1551 or extrinsic method, the execution of the method results in one or more exceptions, the requested CIM 1552 operation does not complete, and the service is not able to return the output for the operation, the 1553 service should respond with a SOAP fault.
- 1554 R12.1-2: A service responding to a WS-Management request that translated into a CIM intrinsic or extrinsic method that did not complete and resulted in an exception should include each resultant 1555 exception object as peers in the SOAP fault's Detail element. The XML representation of each 1556
- exception object shall conform to the mapping rules for CIM instances defined in the WS-CIM Mapping 1557
- 1558 Specification.
- 1559 R12.1-3: A service responding to a WS-Management request that translated into a CIM intrinsic or

extrinsic method that did not complete and resulted in an exception should use WS-Management fault subcodes that correspond to the nature of the exception that has occurred. If the exception does not correspond to any defined WS-Management fault subcode, the service should use the wsmb:CIMException subcode.

For faults that return exception objects, the instances of the CIM_Error in the env:Detail element has the following form:

```
1566
        (1)
             <cimerr:CIM_Error</pre>
1567
        (2)
              xmlns:cimerr="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_Error"/>
1568
        (3)
                  <cimerr:CIMStatusCode> . . . </cimerr:CIMStatusCode>
1569
        (4)
                  <cimerr:Message> . . . </cimerr:Message>
1570
        (5)
                  <cimerr:MessageArguments> . . . </cimerr:MessageArguments>
1571
        (6)
                  <cimerr:MessageID> . . . </cimerr:MessageID>
1572
        (7)
                  <cimerr:OwningEntity> . . . </cimerr:OwningEntity>
1573
        (8)
                  <cimerr:PerceivedSeverity> . . . </cimerr:PerceivedSeverity>
1574
        (9) . . . other properties as in WS-CIM . . .
1575
        (10) </cimerr:CIM Error>
```

- 1576 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 1577 lines (1-2): cimerr:CIM_Error
- 1578 **R12.1-4:** The instance shall be represented as the CIM_Error class.
- lines (3), (6), (8): cimerr:CIMStatusCode, cimerr:MessageID, cimerr:PerceivedSeverity
- 1580 These properties are required by the CIM schema.
- 1581 R12.1-5: The instance representation of CIM_Error shall include all the properties required by the CIM Schema.
- lines (4), (5), (7): cimerr:Message, cimerr:MessageArguments, cimerr:OwningEntity
- These properties are intended to be used by a client application to report an error in a user interface.

 In particular, MessageArguments combined with MessageID can be used to localize error messages for users.
- 1587 R12.1-6: It is recommended that the instance include values for these properties.
- 1588 R12.1-7: A service may include other properties of CIM_Error in the instance representation.
- 1589 EXAMPLE: A fault response for an extrinsic method containing an invalid method parameter that results in a CIM exception would have the following structure:

```
1591
       (1) <env:Fault>
1592
       (2)
             <env:Code>
1593
       (3)
               <env:Value>env:Sender
1594
       (4)
               <env:Subcode>
1595
       (5)
                <env:Value>wsman:InvalidParameter
1596
       (6)
               </env:Subcode>
1597
       (7)
             </env:Code>
1598
       (8)
             <env:Reason>
1599
       (9)
               <env:Text xml:lang="en">
1600
       (10)
                 The invocation of CIM method RequestStateChange
1601
       (11)
                 failed because the unknown parameter Spongebob
1602
       (12)
                 has been supplied.
1603
       (13)
               </env:Text>
1604
       (14) </env:Reason>
```

```
1605
       (15) <env:Detail>
1606
        (16)
                <wsman:FaultDetail>
1607
        (17)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidName
1608
        (18)
               </wsman:FaultDetail>
1609
        (19)
                <cimerr:CIM_Error>
1610
                  <cimerr:CIMStatusCode>4</cimerr:CIMStatusCode>
        (20)
1611
        (21)
                  <cimerr:Message>RequestStateChange: Invalid input parameter "SpongeBob"
1612
           </cimerr:Message>
1613
        (22)
                  <cimerr:MessageArguments>SpongeBob</cimerr:MessageArguments>
1614
                  <cimerr:MessageID>ACME1234</cimerr:MessageID>
        (23)
1615
        (24)
                  <cimerr:OwningEntity>ACME:MyServer:ACME_PowerMqtSvc:1</cimerr:OwningEntity>
        (25)
1616
                  <cimerr:PerceivedSeverity>7</cimerr:PerceivedSeverity>
1617
                  <cimerr:ProbableCause>130</cimerr:ProbableCause>
        (26)
1618
                  <cimerr:ProbableCauseDescription>Unexpected
1619
           input</cimerr:ProbableCauseDescription>
1620
        (28)
                   . . . other properties as in WS-CIM . . .
1621
        (29)
               </cimerr:CIM_Error>
1622
        (30)
             </env:Detail>
1623
       (31) </env:Fault>
```

- 1624 For further information on the mapping of CIM exceptions to WS-Management fault subcodes, see 1625 clause 18.
- Services that support CIM Error may include classes derived from CIM Error, such as ACME Error, rather 1626
- 1627 than CIM Error itself. In order for a client to determine which XML element of the SOAP Fault Detail
- 1628 represents CIM_Error, this specification defines an XML attribute wsmb:IsCIM_Error that has a type of
- 1629 Boolean. The attribute shall only be used in the CIM Error or a derived class of CIM Error element.
- 1630 In practice, interoperability is best served when CIM_Error service implementations include the attribute with CIM_Error or derived classes. No meaning may be inferred by the absence of the attribute. 1631
- 1632 EXAMPLE: The IsCIM_Error attribute may be used on a CIM_Error element.

```
1633
       <cimerr:CIM_Error wsmb:IsCIM_Error='true'> . . .
```

- 1634 R12.1-8: A service may include the IsCIM_Error attribute with a value of true on a CIM_Error (non-1635 derived class) element.
- 1636 R12.1-9: A service should include the IsCIM Error attribute with a value of true on a CIM Error derived 1637 class element.
- 1638 R12.1-10: A Service should not include the IsCIM Error attribute on any element that does not represent a CIM Error or derived class of CIM Error. 1639

12.2 Advertisement of Fault CIM Error Inclusion

- 1641 R12.1-2 indicates that a service should include the appropriate CIM_Error elements in Faults that are 1642
- generated; however the service is not required to do so. There are situations in which clients will need to
- 1643 know whether a service will include this information in advance of sending a request message. To enable
- 1644 a client to detect this behavior, a service should advertise that it will send CIM_Error elements in fault
- messages by including a <Capability FaultIncludesCIMError> element within the WS-Management 1645
- IdentifyResponse message. The value of the <Capability FaultIncludesCIMError> is not meaningful and is 1646 ignored 1647
- 1648 EXAMPLE: The following fragment illustrates the inclusion of this additional element.
- 1649 (1) <wsmid:IdentifyResponse>

1640

1650 (2) <wsmid:ProtocolVersion>

```
1651
        (3)
                http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd
1652
        (4)
              </wsmid:ProtocolVersion>
1653
        (5)
1654
        (6)
              <wsmb:Capability_FaultIncludesCIMError</pre>
1655
        (7)
               xmlns:wsmb="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding.xsd"/>
1656
        (8)
1657
        (9) </wsmid:IdentifyResponse>
```

R12.2-1: A service that includes the <Capability_FaultIncludesCIMError> element within an IdentifyResponse message shall include the appropriate CIM_Error element or elements within the SOAP Faults it generates when it does not successfully process a CIM operation.

NOTE: There may be reasons (e.g., security concerns) for a service to create but not transmit a SOAP Fault. The term "generate" is used to indicate that a SOAP Fault is created. However, the generation of a Fault is independent of whether it is transmitted, and transmission is determined by the implementation.

13 CIM Specific WS-Management Options

1665 This specification relies on the WS-Management OptionSet extensibility mechanism for common scenarios.

13.1 ShowExtensions Option

- Some of the optional CIM properties may be expensive to calculate; as a result, they are not included in
- 1668 casual queries for the resource representation. Also, in some CIM Server implementations, the CIM Server
- may define additional system properties that are stored along with the standard CIM properties of a given
- 1670 class and that are exposed using the open content model defined in the XML Schema specified in the WS-
- 1671 CIM Mapping Specification.

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- The use of ShowExtensions allows a client to indicate that the XML resource representation should contain
- the elements that are expensive to calculate and the extension elements, along with the rest of the
- 1674 resource properties. The ShowExtensions option may be applied to the WS-Management 1.1 resource
- 1675 access Get message, the WS-Management 1.1 Enumeration Enumerate message, and the WS-
- 1676 Management 1.1 notifications Subscribe message.
- 1677 When this option is applied to Enumerate, it communicates the desire for all resource representations
- 1678 returned by the enumeration sequence to include the extensions independent of whether they are returned
- in an EnumerateResponse or a PullResponse message.
- 1680 When this option is applied to a Subscribe message, it communicates the desire for all events matching
- that Subscribe message to be returned with the extensions.
- 1682 This specification does not define any meaning for the ShowExtensions option on other messages. If
- 1683 necessary, the client may place extra content in Put and Create messages using the extension mechanism
- defined in the WS-CIM Mapping Specification.
- Because vendor extensions can be large or expensive to retrieve, a standard option has been defined to
- 1686 enable or disable the vendor extensions to be returned with the resource representation. The default is to
- disable the return of vendor extensions.
- To show all extensions, a client sets the Option value to ShowExtensions, as follows:
- 1690 (2) <wsman:Option name="ShowExtensions"/>

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To hide extensions, a client omits or sets the Option to FALSE or 0. Any other value or an empty element implies that the extensions should be shown.

R13.1-1: If a service receives a request with an OptionSet containing an Option named
ShowExtensions in which the OptionSet header has mustUnderstand="TRUE" and the Option element
has mustComply="TRUE" and the value of the Option element is FALSE or 0, the service shall return
the representation in minimal form or issue a fault.

R13.1-2: If a service receives a request with an OptionSet containing an Option named ShowExtensions in which the OptionSet header has mustUnderstand="TRUE" and the Option element has mustComply="TRUE" and the value of the Option element is neither false nor 0, the service shall return the representation with additional information including the cim:Key and cim:Version attributes as per the WS-CIM Mapping Specification and any vendor-defined extensions or issue a fault.

R13.1-3: In the absence of this option (or mustComply requirements), a service should return the representation in minimal form or issue a fault.

EXAMPLE: The following shows an example representation from a service that has implemented CIM schema version 2.11.0 that includes extensions. Note that all the vendor-specific properties come after the class properties.

```
1708
        (1) <CIM_ComputerSystem
1709
              xmlns="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem"
1710
        (3)
              xmlns:cim="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/common"
1711
              xmlns:v="http://vendor.com/..."
1712
        (5)
              cim:Version="2.7.0">
1713
        (6)
1714
        (7)
             <CreationClassName cim:Key="true"> ... </CreationClassName>
1715
        (8)
             <Name cim:Key="true"> Blue-04 </Name>
1716
        (9)
             <PrimaryOwnerName> Dave </PrimaryOwnerName>
1717
        (10)
1718
        (11)
               <v:PropetyCount>17</v:PropertyCount>
1719
        (12) </CIM_ComputerSystem>
```

14 Instance Representation

- 1721 Instances are represented according to the XML namespace defined by the <u>WS-CIM Mapping</u>
- 1722 Specification. This clause defines additional constraints on that representation.
- WS-CIM allows references to be represented using any version of Addressing. However, this specification is associated with WS-Management, which requires that one of two specific addressing versions be used.
- R14-1: A service shall accept and return only instance representations in which XML elements corresponding to CIM reference properties are represented as EPRs conformant to the requirements defined in clause 6.

15 Client Access to CIM Class Metadata

1729 **15.1 Applicability**

- 1730 Client applications using WS-Man may need access to the MOFs that define classes of management data.
- 1731 R15.1-1: A WS-Man service should provide class metadata using the mechanism described in this clause.

15.2 Non-Separability of Metadata Access Functions

- 1734 **R15.2-1**: If a service provides any class metadata operations described here, then all the normative statements in clause 15 shall apply.
- For example, in order for a service to meet the requirements of this clause, the service must implement the GetSubclassPaths option described in 15.3, and similarly for all other normative statements in this clause.

15.3 Overview of Metadata Operations

- 1739 The WS-Management metadata operations are modeled after a subset of class operations in the *Generic*
- 1740 Operations Specification, <u>DSP0223</u>. The subset includes only operations to retrieve class metadata from a
- 1741 service; a client cannot define new classes or modify classes using these operations.
- 1742 The metadata operations use existing WS-Management operations to retrieve class data from a service. A
- 1743 client can use WS-Management Enumerate and Get operations to locate and retrieve metadata. These
- 1744 operations are applied to special targets that retrieve class metadata rather than class instances. These
- targets present special properties that are used as Selectors to identify the class.
- 1746 Class metadata can be retrieved in two forms:
- The XML schema format (XSD) defined by DSP0230 (WS-CIM); or
- The XML format defined by <u>DSP0201</u> (CIM-XML).
- Additionally, services may support options that include or exclude specific pieces of metadata from the
- result. In particular, because CIM classes are organized in a hierarchy, there are options to support
- polymorphic retrieval of class and property metadata.
- 1752 The minimum requirements are very small to accommodate constrained implementations. For instance,
- 1753 services may be able to respond only with the URL of the metadata requested and not with the full result
- 1754 text. Such constrained implementations may support only a subset of the possible combinations of
- 1755 options.

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- 1756 The operations defined here are intended to parallel operations defined in the CIM *Generic Operations*
- 1757 Specification, DSP0223. Table 6 describes the WS-Management operations targeted for retrieving
- 1758 metadata that are equivalent to certain Generic Operations.

Table 6 – GenOps Operations and WS-Man Equivalents

Generic Ops Operation	WS-Man Operation Used	WS-Man Options Used
GetSubClassesWithPath	Enumerate	IncludePath, IncludePathEPR, IncludePathURL
GetSubClassPaths	Enumerate	IncludePath, IncludePathEPR, IncludePathURL, ExcludeClassSpecification
GetClass	Get	

1760 R15.3-1: A service shall implement the WS-Man equivalent of the GetSubclassPaths operation.

Unless a service is very constrained with respect to memory and storage resources, it is strongly recommended that the service implement all of these operations.

1763 **R15.3-2**: A service should implement the WS-Man equivalents of either the GetSubclassesWithPath operation or the GetClass operation. A service may implement both operations.

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15.4 Targets of Metadata Operations

1766 **R15.4-1**: WS-Man operations that are targeted to retrieve metadata shall use the following targets to specify that the Enumerate or Get operations are intended to retrieve only class definition data and not class instances.

1769 These targets specify the syntax in which the class metadata is to be returned in the response message.

An operation will always return the class metadata in the format requested unless the

1771 ExcludeClassSpecification option is specified.

Table 7 – Targets Used in ResourceURI to Enumerate or Get Class Information

Target ResourceURI	Syntax of returned class data	
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-schema/2/*	CIM-XML	
	(XML document as defined in DSP0201 and DSP0203)	
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/ws-cim/1/cim-schema/2/*	WS-CIM	
	(XSD document as defined in DSP0230)	

1773 R15.4-2: A service shall provide class metadata in WS-CIM format, and should provide class metadata in CIM-XML format.

15.5 Class Metadata

- 1776 The list of classes available at an endpoint may be a small subset of the CIM classes.
- 1777 R15.5-1: An endpoint shall contain the class metadata information of all classes for which instances might possibly appear in the endpoint.
- 1779 R15.5-2: A class named in a WS-Man operation targeted to retrieve metadata may be a class in the CIM schema or in an extension schema.

1781 **15.6 Target Properties**

The targets in the table of ResourceURIs represent (synthetic) managed resources with two (synthetic) properties. These properties are used to select the metadata of specific classes.

Table 8 - Properties of a Class ResourceURI

Property name	Property value				
ClassName	The name of a class including schema name and classname within schema.				
	Example: CIM_Sensor				
ClassPath	The full WS-CIM URI for a class.				
	Example: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/ws-cim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_Sensor				

15.7 Selectors

- 1786 **R15.7-1**: An operation targeted to retrieve metadata shall specify the name of the CIM class with either a ClassName property or a ClassPath property.
- 1788 R15.7-2: The wsman:SelectorSet element of an Enumerate or Get operation that is targeted to retrieve metadata shall include a Selector for exactly one of the properties ClassName or ClassPath. A service

shall fault a request that includes Selectors for both ClassName and ClassPath.

Note that the wsman:SelectorSet of an Enumerate operation that is targeted to retrieve metadata may be absent or empty; in this case the target is all classes.

Classes are specific to CIM namespaces. A classname may appear in multiple CIM namespaces. The special Selector named "__cimnamespace" is used to specify CIM namespaces in requests and responses.

R15.7-3: The wsman:SelectorSet element may optionally include a Selector for the cimnamespace.

The metadata of classes with the same name may be the same or different in different namespaces.

15.8 Options

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Several options specifying the content of the returned metadata may be added to a class operation. These WS-Management options correspond to input parameters in the CIM <u>Generic Operations</u> <u>Specification</u>. The names of the options shown in Table 9 are to be given as the value of the Name attribute of a wsman:Option element.

R15.8-1: Zero or more of the options listed in Table 9 may be included in wsman:Option elements of a wsman:OptionSet element of a class operation, with the effect on the content of the response message as specified in the table. A single wsman:Option element shall include exactly one of these options by name.

Table 9 – Options That May Be Included in Operations Targeted at Metadata

WS-Man Option	Used in Operations	Effect	
IncludeClassOrigin	Enumerate, Get	If true, return in each element the name of the class in the hierarchy that defines the element. The syntax in which this information is returned depends on the syntax of the class definition.	
IncludeQualifiers	Enumerate, Get	If true, return in each element the qualifiers declared in the MOF that defines the element. The syntax in which this information is returned depends on the syntax of the class definition.	
IncludeSubclasses	Enumerate	If false, return the class and the first level of child classes derived directly from the class. If true, return class and all child classes derived from this class.	
IncludeInheritedElements	Enumerate, Get	If false, return only elements defined in the class. If true, return all elements exposed in this class: that is, all elements defined in this class plus all inherited elements not overridden in this class.	
IncludePath	Enumerate, Get	Return an element containing an EPR which can be used to retrieve the definition of the object. This is a synonym for the IncludePathEPR option.	
IncludePathEPR	Enumerate, Get	Return an element containing an EPR which can be used to retrieve the definition of the object. For WS-Man operations, the path is an EPR to the class definition.	
IncludePathURL	Enumerate, Get	Return an element containing a URL that can be dereferenced directly to retrieve the text of the desired metadata, using, for instance, a web browser. For WS-Man operations, this is a URL to the class definition.	

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WS-Man Option	Used in Operations	Effect
ExcludeClassSpecification	Enumerate	Do not return any elements describing the definition of the class, including metadata in either format, including Qualifiers, ClassOrigin elements or attributes, and InheritedElements. Paths will be returned if IncludePath is specified. This option may be used to retrieve Paths only.

1807 **R15.8-2**: If an OptionSet block is marked with mustUnderstand="1", and an individual option is marked with MustComply="true", and the service cannot process that option, then the service shall fault the request as described in clause 6.4 of the <u>WS-Management Specification</u>, "wsman:OptionSet."

R15.8-3: At most one of the options specifying the form of returned path shall be specified in a single wsman:OptionSet; that is, only one of the set IncludePath, IncludePathEPR, and IncludePathURL shall be included in a single request.

For example, it is possible that some metadata cannot be represented in a particular metadata syntax. If an option requests information to be included in the result that cannot be represented in the chosen syntax, then the service may fault the request.

Note that in WS-Management all options have the value of "false" unless a value is explicitly stated as the value of the wsman:Option element. All the options defined here are Boolean. The value of any option is "false" unless "true" is explicitly stated as the value of the option. Consult the <a href="https://www.wsman.com/

Table 10 lists the impacts of some of the options. In the cases listed, an operation can choose to include or exclude in the response

- Derived classes beyond the first level child classes;
- 1823 Path EPRs or URLs; and
- 1824 Class definition metadata.
- Not all combinations of options yield useful results for clients. For example, Enumerate with the combination of ExcludeClassSpecification="true" and IncludePath="false" will return no class metadata.

 Note that none of the options listed in Table 10 makes sense with Get operations.

Table 10 – Examples of the Impact of Option Combinations on Operations Targeted at Metadata

WS-Man Operation	Include Subclasses Option	Path Option: IncludePath, IncludePathEPR, or IncludePathURL	Exclude Class Specification Option	Returned Class(es)	Returned Path EPR(s) or URL(s)
Enumerate	false	false	false	first level children	none
Enumerate	true	false	false	all children	none
Enumerate	true	true	false	all children	all children
Enumerate	false	true	false	first level children	first level children
Enumerate	false	true	true	none	first level children
Enumerate	true	true	true	none	all children

WS-Man Operation	Include Subclasses Option	Path Option: IncludePath, IncludePathEPR, or IncludePathURL	Exclude Class Specification Option	Returned Class(es)	Returned Path EPR(s) or URL(s)
Enumerate	true	false	true	none	none
Enumerate	false	false	true	none	none
Get	n/a	n/a	n/a	one class	none

Implementations may not be able to support all combinations of options. In particular, resource-constrained implementations that return only the EPR or URL of the metadata may not be able to support many combinations of options.

- Example: If a service implementation returns URLs or EPRs that access static documents, the number
 of different documents for the different combinations of options may be limited. An implementation
 might support only a minimal format and an all-inclusive format. A "minimal" format could reflect WSCIM mapping v1.0, IncludeClassOrigin=false, IncludeQualifiers=false, and
 IncludeInheritedElements=true. An "all-inclusive" format could include IncludeClassOrigin=true,
 IncludeQualifiers=true, and IncludeInheritedElements=true).
 - Example: A service implementation may include in the returned metadata more information than requested. For any options that are not declared "mustUnderstand" in the request, a service may ignore options that attempt to exclude some information from the result. In particular, this may be done to map requests to a limited number of available versions of the metadata.
- Rule R6.4-6 in the <u>WS-Management Specification</u> specifies the fault detail to be issued by a service that cannot support a required option.

15.9 EPR

R15.9-1: An EPR addressing a service that provides operations for retrieving metadata shall include the following elements.

Table 11 – Elements of the EPR of an Operation Targeted at Metadata

Element	Value	
То	URI of the WS-Man MAP endpoint, e.g.,	
	http://somedomain.tld:80/wsman	
Action	WS-Man action, one of	
	 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get 	
	 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate 	
ReferenceParameters	ResourceURI element and SelectorSet element	
ResourceURI	Target of the operation to retrieve metadata, one of	
	 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-schema/2/* 	
	 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/ws-cim/1/cim-schema/2/* 	

Element	Value	
SelectorSet	Selectors, exactly one specifying the class, either	
	 <wsman:selector name="ClassName">CIM_Sensor</wsman:selector> or 	
	 <wsman:selector name="ClassPath">http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim- schema/2/CIM_Sensor</wsman:selector 	
	and, optionally, one specifying the namespace	
	 <wsman:selector name="cimnamespace">interop</wsman:selector> 	

1849 **15.10 Paths**

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- 1850 Two types of paths to class data can be returned by a service: EPRs and URLs.
- An EPR specifies a web service interface that a client can call as a web service to retrieve the
 metadata using the WS-Management Get operation. That is, a client can use the EPR in a Get
 operation to retrieve the particular class metadata.
 - A URL specifies a location on the web where the metadata can be retrieved using the operation
 implied by the URL's scheme. Three schemes for URLs may be returned by services: HTTP, HTTPS,
 and FTP. A client can dereference the URL using the operation implied by the scheme to retrieve the
 particular class metadata.
 - A URL returned from a service is packaged inside an EPR, in the wsa:Address element of the
 wsa:EndpointReference item. The URL is extracted from the EPR envelope in order to be used to
 retrieve the metadata. Since the EPR designates a class and not an instance, no Selector elements
 other than __cimnamespace are needed, nor should be present, in such an EPR.
- An Enumerate operation can specify options to determine the types of paths returned: IncludePath, IncludePathEPR and IncludePathURL.
- 1864 **R15.10-1**: A path returned by an Enumerate request targeting metadata and specifying an IncludePath, IncludePathEPR, or IncludePathURL option shall be an EPR and shall follow the WS-1866 Management default addressing model.
- R15.10-2: A path returned by an Enumerate request targeting metadata and specifying the IncludePathURL option shall contain a URL in the wsa:Address element of the returned EPR; and the ResourceURI ReferenceParameter of the EPR shall contain a class-specific URI as described in 6.1.
- 1870 R15.10-3: A URL returned by an Enumerate request targeting metadata and specifying an IncludePathURL option may employ any registered URI scheme. The URL may include path or query string information or both to select the requested metadata.
- R15.10-4: If an Enumerate request targeting metadata does not specify an IncludePath,
 IncludePathEPR, or IncludePathURL option, the service shall return no path information in the
 response. To reduce the memory requirements for these functions in small footprint implementations, a
 path EPR or URL returned by a service may specify the address of an endpoint other than the endpoint
 to which the request operation was addressed.

15.11 Advertisement of CIM Class Metadata Path Types

To enable a client to determine whether a service supports the PathEPR or PathURL path types for CIM metadata retrieval, a service should advertise that it will support these path types by including one or more Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_xxx elements within the WS-Management IdentifyResponse message. The value of each Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_xxx element will identify a supported path type. There are two

```
defined elements: Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_EPR and Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_URL.
```

1885 EXAMPLE: The following fragment illustrates the inclusion of this additional element for a service that supports CIM metadata retrieval using the PathEPR path type.

```
1887
        (10) <wsmid:IdentifyResponse>
1888
              <wsmid:ProtocolVersion>
        (11)
1889
        (12)
               http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd
1890
        (13)
              </wsmid:ProtocolVersion>
1891
        (14)
1892
        (15)
             <wsmb:Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_EPR/>
1893
        (16)
1894
        (17) </wsmid:IdentifyResponse>
```

1895 EXAMPLE: The following fragment illustrates the inclusion of this additional element for a service that supports CIM metadata retrieval using either the PathEPR or the PathURL path type.

```
1897
        (18) <wsmid:IdentifyResponse>
1898
        (19)
             <wsmid:ProtocolVersion>
1899
        (20)
               http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd
1900
        (21)
             </wsmid:ProtocolVersion>
1901
        (22)
1902
        (23)
             <wsmb:Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_EPR/>
1903
        (24)
             <wsmb:Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_URL/>
1904
        (25)
1905
        (26) </wsmid:IdentifyResponse>
```

- 1906 R15.11-1: A service that includes the <Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_EPR> element within an IdentifyResponse message shall return EPRs in response to the GetSubclassesWithPath and GetSubclassPaths operations with either the IncludePath or IncludePathEPR option specified.
- 1909 R15.11-2: A service that includes the <Capability_ClassMetadataPathType_URL> element within an IdentifyResponse message shall return URLs in response to the GetSubclassesWithPath and GetSubclassPaths operations with the IncludePathURL option specified.

15.12 Examples of Path EPR Containing URL

- The URL returned by a service to specify the metadata of a class may take many forms. Client applications should make no assumptions about the format or structure of the URL to be dereferenced.
- A service may return a URL that references, or appears to reference, a static file. The URL is embedded in an EPR that meets the requirements of the default addressing model.

```
1917
        (1) <wsmen:Items>
1918
         (2)
                <wsman:Ttem>
1919
         (3)
                   <wsa04:EndpointReference>
1920
         (4)
                       <wsa04:Address>
1921
         (5)
                          http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem.xsd
1922
        (6)
                       </wsa04:Address>
1923
        (7)
                       <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
1924
        (8)
                          <wsman:ResourceURI>
1925
        (9)
                             http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem
1926
        (10)
                            </wsman:ResourceURI>
```

```
1927
        (11)
                            <wsman:SelectorSet>
1928
        (12)
                               <wsman:Selector name="__cimnamespace">root/cimv2</wsman:Selector>
1929
        (13)
                            </wsman:SelectorSet>
1930
        (14)
                        </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
1931
        (15)
                     </wsa04:EndpointReference>
1932
        (16)
                 </wsman:Item>
1933
        (17) </wsmen:Items>
```

1934 Notes on this example:

- (lines 4-10) The path of the URL specifies an XSD file using its full filename. The class ResourceURI does not include the .xsd extension of the filename.
- (line 9) The EPR includes the ResourceURI of the class. It is not required that the URL be of a form where the classname is easily parsed. Therefore, to enable the client to distinguish the several results of an Enumerate operation, each EPR must specify the class that the metadata will represent.
- (lines 11-13) The EPR includes the CIM namespace that may contain instances of the class that the metadata will represent. The combination of CIM namespace and CIM classname uniquely specify the metadata of the class.
- A returned URL may specify FTP as the transport mechanism. If no user information and password are included in the URL, anonymous FTP is assumed.

```
1945 (1) <wsa04:Address>
1946 (2) ftp://schemas.bitsrus.com/wbem/ws-cim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_Sensor.xsd
1947 (3) </wsa04:Address>
```

- A library of static metadata files may be organized into directories that specify the set of options included in the dereferenced metadata.
- 1950 (1) <wsa04:Address>
 1951 (2) ftp://schemas.bitsrus.com/wbem/ws-cim/1/cim-schema/2/withqualifiers/CIM_Sensor.xsd
 1952 (3) </wsa04:Address>
- 1953 Metadata may be requested in CIM-XML format as well as WS-CIM XSD format.
- 1954 (1) <wsa04:Address>
 1955 (2) ftp://schemas.bitsrus.com/wbem/cim-xml/cim-schema/2/complete/CIM_Sensor.xml
 1956 (3) </wsa04:Address>
- 1957 Metadata may be served by web applications that use the query string of the URL to specify the class.

```
1958 (1) <wsa04:Address>
1959 (2) http://schemas.bitsrus.com/cimv2/xsd_with_all_qualifiers.php?classname=CIM_Sensor
1960 (3) </wsa04:Address>
1961 (4)
1962 (5) <wsa04:Address>
1963 (6) http://schemas.bitsrus.com/cimv2/xsd_minimal.php?classname=CIM_Sensor
1964 (7) </wsa04:Address>
```

- A URL may specify some or all options in the query string. This method probably requires the least effort for small footprint services.
- 1967 (32) <wsa04:Address>
 1968 (33) http://schemas.bitsrus.com/cimv2/select_xsd.php?classname=CIM_Sensor&IncludeQualifiers=true&I

15.13 Example: Get CIM-XML Class Metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem

```
1974
        (1) <!-- Example fragment of XML for a get class operation. -->
1975
        (2)
             <env:Envelope>
1976
        (3)
                <env:Header>
1977
        (4)
                 <wsa04:To>http://somedomain.tld:80/wsman</wsa04:To>
1978
        (5)
                 <wsa04:Action>http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get</wsa04:Action>
1979
        (6)
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
1980
        (7)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-schema/2/*
1981
        (8)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
1982
        (9)
                 <wsman:SelectorSet>
1983
        (10)
                    <wsman:Selector Name="ClassName">CIM_ComputerSystem</wsman:Selector>
1984
        (11)
                    <wsman:Selector Name=" cimnamespace">root/interop</wsman:Selector>
1985
        (12)
                 </wsman:SelectorSet>
1986
        (13)
                 <wsman:OptionSet mustUnderstand="true">
1987
        (14)
                    <wsman:Option Name="IncludeInheritedElements"</pre>
1988
           MustComply="true">true</wsman:Option>
1989
        (15)
                    <wsman:Option Name="IncludeQualifiers" MustComply="true">true</wsman:Option>
1990
        (16)
                 </wsman:OptionSet>
1991
        (17)
                </env:Header>
1992
        (18)
                <env:Body>
1993
        (19)
                </env:Body>
1994
        (20) </env:Envelope>
```

- 1995 The request includes the following elements.
- 1996 (line 5) The Action specifies to Get the class metadata.
- (line 6) The ResourceURI specifies that the target is the metadata for a class, and that the result is to be returned in CIM-XML format.
- (line 10) The ClassName Selector specifies that the class targeted by the Get operation is CIM_ComputerSystem
- (line 11) The __cimnamespace Selector specifies that the class metadata is desired for the root/interop namespace.
- (line 14) The IncludeInheritedElements Option (true) specifies to return in the class metadata elements that are inherited from parent classes. Elements may include property definitions, qualifiers, and so forth, depending on the capabilities of the service.
- (line 15) The IncludeQualifiers Option (true) specifies to return in the class metadata the qualifiers 2007 declared in the MOF that defines the class.
- (line 13) The OptionSet specifies mustUnderstand="true". The service must process the OptionSet element or fault the request.
- (lines 14-15) The two Options specify MustComply="true". The service must honor the Options or fault the request.
- 2012 The following XML fragment illustrates the metadata that is returned in response to the Get request.
- 2013 (1) <!-- Example fragment of XML for the data returned due to a get class operation. -->
 2014 (2) <env:Envelope>

2038

2039

2040

```
2015
        (3)
               <env:Header>
2016
2017
            <wsa04:Action>http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse</wsa04:Action>
2018
        (5)
2019
        (6)
               </env:Header>
2020
        (7)
               <env:Body>
2021
        (8)
                <wsmb:Metadata wsmb:format="CIM-XML"</pre>
2022
        (9)
                 wsmb:cimClass="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem">
2023
        (10)
                    <cim:CLASS SUPERCLASS="CIM_System" NAME="CIM_ComputerSystem">
2024
        (11)
2025
        (12)
                    </cim:CLASS>
2026
        (13)
                   </wsmb:Metadata>
2027
        (14)
                 </env:Body>
2028
               </env:Envelope>
```

- 2029 The response includes the following elements.
- (line 8) The Metadata element contains the class metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem. It indicates that the format of the metadata is CIM-XML. It also specifies the full class name URI for CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (line 10) The CLASS element specifies the class metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem in CIM-XML format (as specified in <u>DSP0201</u> and <u>DSP0203</u>).
- (line 11) An ellipsis indicates that the bulk of the actual metadata text is not included in this and other examples. Such metadata is typically long and version-specific.

15.14 Example: Enumerate EPRs for Class Metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem and Classes Derived from It

```
2041
             <!-- Example fragment of XML for an enumerate class operation. -->
        (1)
2042
        (2)
             <env:Envelope>
2043
        (3)
               <env:Header>
2044
        (4)
                 <wsa04:To>http://somedomain.tld:80/wsman</wsa04:To>
2045
        (5)
2046
            <wsa04:Action>http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate</wsa04:Action>
2047
        (6)
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
2048
        (7)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/ws-cim/1/cim-schema/2/*
2049
        (8)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
2050
        (9)
                 <wsman:SelectorSet>
2051
        (10)
                      <wsman:Selector Name="ClassName">CIM_ComputerSystem</wsman:Selector>
2052
        (11)
                      <wsman:Selector Name="__cimnamespace">root/interop</wsman:Selector>
2053
        (12)
                   </wsman:SelectorSet>
2054
        (13)
                   <wsman:OptionSet mustUnderstand="true">
2055
        (14)
                      <wsman:Option Name="IncludeSubclasses" MustComply="true">true</wsman:Option>
2056
        (15)
                      <wsman:Option Name="IncludePathEPR" MustComply="true">true/wsman:Option>
2057
        (16)
                      <wsman:Option Name="ExcludeClassSpecification"</pre>
2058
           MustComply="true">true</wsman:Option>
2059
        (17)
                  </wsman:OptionSet>
2060
        (18)
                 </env:Header>
2061
        (19)
                 <env:Body>
2062
        (20)
                   <wsmen:Enumerate>
2063
        (21)
```

- 2069 The request includes the following elements.
- 2070 (line 5) The Action specifies to Enumerate all of the target.
- (line 6) The ResourceURI specifies that the target is the metadata for a class, and that the result is to be returned in WS-CIM format.
- (line 10) The ClassName Selector specifies that the root class of the enumeration is CIM_ComputerSystem
- (line 11) The __cimnamespace Selector specifies that the class metadata is desired for the root/interop namespace.
- (line 14) The IncludeSubclasses Option (true) specifies to return metadata for all classes (in the namespace) that are named, or are derived from, CIM ComputerSystem.
- (line 15) The IncludePathEPR Option (true) specifies to return EPRs to the class definitions. These could be used in future Get operations to retrieve the class metadata.
- (line 16) The ExcludeClassSpecification Option (true) specifies to not return any metadata or other elements describing the definition of the class. Because the IncludePath Option is specified, only the EPRs to the class definitions will be returned.
- (line 13) The OptionSet specifies mustUnderstand="true". The service must process the OptionSet element or fault the request.
- (lines 14-16) The several Options specify MustComply="true". The service must honor the Options or fault the request.
- (line 22) The OptimizeEnumeration specifies that an optimized enumeration should be used to retrieve some or all of the results in the initial response.
- (line 23) The MaxElements specifies that up to 30 EPRs should be returned in the initial response.
- The following XML fragment illustrates the metadata that is returned in response to the Enumeration request.

```
2093
        (1) <!-- Example fragment of XML for the data returned due to an enumerate class operation.
2094
2095
        (2) <env:Envelope>
2096
        (3)
              <env:Header>
2097
        (4)
                 <wsa04:Action>
2098
        (5)
                 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerateResponse
2099
        (6)
                </wsa04:Action>
2100
        (7)
2101
        (8)
               </env:Header>
2102
        (9)
               <env:Body>
2103
        (10)
                  <wsmen:EnumerateResponse>
2104
        (11)
                    <wsmen:EnumerationContext>...</wsmen:EnumerationContext>
2105
        (12)
                    <wsman:Ttems>
2106
        (13)
                      <wsa04:EndpointReference>
2107
        (14)
                       <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
2108
        (15)
                       <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2109
       (16)
                         <wsman:ResourceURI>
```

2138

2139

2140

```
2110
        (17)
                            http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem
2111
        (18)
                          </wsman:ResourceURI>
2112
        (19)
2113
        (20)
                        </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2114
        (21)
                      </wsa04:EndpointReference>
2115
                      <wsa04:EndpointReference>
        (22)
2116
        (23)
                        <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
2117
        (24)
                        <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2118
        (25)
                          <wsman:ResourceURI>
2119
        (26)
                            http://schemas.mycompany.com/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-
2120
           schema/2/My_ComputerSystem
2121
        (27)
                         </wsman:ResourceURI>
2122
        (28)
2123
        (29)
                        </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2124
        (30)
                      </wsa04:EndpointReference>
2125
        (31)
2126
        (32)
                    </wsman:Items>
2127
        (33)
                    </wsman:EndOfSequence />
2128
        (34)
                   </wsmen:EnumerateResponse>
2129
        (35)
                 </env:Body>
2130
        (36)
               </env:Envelope>
```

- 2131 The response includes the following elements.
- (lines 13-21) The EndpointReference specifies an EPR that can be used in a Get operation to retrieve the class metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (lines 22-30) The EndpointReference specifies an EPR that can be used in a Get operation to retrieve the class metadata for My_ComputerSystem, which derives from CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (line 33) The EndOfSequence specifies that there are no more EPRs to be retrieved.

15.15 Example: Enumerate WS-CIM Class Metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem and Classes Derived from It

```
2141
        (1) <!-- Example fragment of XML for an enumerate class operation. -->
2142
             <env:Envelope>
2143
        (3)
               <env:Header>
2144
        (4)
                 <wsa04:To>http://somedomain.tld:80/wsman</wsa04:To>
2145
        (5)
2146
           <wsa04:Action>http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate</wsa04:Action>
2147
        (6)
                 <wsman:ResourceURI>
2148
        (7)
                  http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/ws-cim/1/cim-schema/2/*
2149
        (8)
                 </wsman:ResourceURI>
2150
        (9)
                 <wsman:SelectorSet>
2151
        (10)
                      <wsman:Selector Name="ClassName">CIM_ComputerSystem</wsman:Selector>
2152
        (11)
                      <wsman:Selector Name="__cimnamespace">root/interop</wsman:Selector>
2153
        (12)
                  </wsman:SelectorSet>
2154
        (13)
                  <wsman:OptionSet mustUnderstand="true">
2155
        (14)
                      <wsman:Option Name="IncludeSubclasses" MustComply="true">true</wsman:Option>
2156
        (15)
                      <wsman:Option Name="IncludePath" MustComply="true">false</wsman:Option>
2157
       (16)
                  </wsman:OptionSet>
```

```
2158 (17) </env:Header>
2159 (18) <env:Body>
2160 (19) </env:Body>
2161 (20) </env:Envelope>
```

- 2162 The request includes the following elements.
- (line 5) The Action specifies to Enumerate all of the target.
- (line 6) The ResourceURI specifies that the target is the metadata for a class, and that the result is to be returned in WS-CIM format.
- (line 10) The ClassName Selector specifies that the root class of the enumeration is CIM ComputerSystem
- (line 11) The __cimnamespace Selector specifies that the class metadata is desired for the root/interop namespace.
- (line 14) The IncludeSubclasses Option (true) specifies to return metadata for all classes (in the namespace) that are named, or are derived from, CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (line 15) The IncludePath Option (false) specifies to not return EPRs to the class definitions. Only the class metadata will be returned.
- (line 13) The OptionSet specifies mustUnderstand="true". The service must process the OptionSet element or fault the request.
- (lines 14-15) The two Options specify MustComply="true". The service must honor the Options or fault the request.

The following XML fragment illustrates the metadata that is returned in response to subsequent Pull requests.

```
2180
        (1) <!-- Example fragment of XML for the data returned due to an enumerate class operation.
2181
            -->
2182
        (2) <env:Envelope>
2183
        (3)
               <env:Header>
2184
        (4)
2185
            <wsa04:Action>http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/PullResponse</wsa04:Actio</pre>
2186
2187
        (5)
2188
        (6)
               </env:Header>
2189
        (7)
               <env:Body>
2190
        (8)
                 <wsmen:PullResponse ...>
2191
        (9)
                   <wsmen:EnumerationContext>...</wsmen:EnumerationContext>
2192
        (10)
                   <wsmen:Items>
2193
        (11)
                      <wsmb:Metadata wsmb:format="WS-CIM" wsmb:cimClass=</pre>
2194
        (12)
                        "http://schemas.dmtf.org/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem">
2195
        (13)
                         <xs:schema targetNamespace=</pre>
2196
        (14)
                         "http://schemas.dmtf.org/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem" ...>
2197
        (15)
2198
        (16)
                         </xs:schema>
2199
        (17)
                       </wsmb:Metadata>
2200
        (18)
                       <wsmb:Metadata wsmb:format="WS-CIM" wsmb:cimClass=</pre>
2201
        (19)
                       "http://schemas.mycompany.com/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/My_ComputerSystem">
2202
        (20)
                        <xs:schema targetNamespace=</pre>
2203
        (21)
                        "http://schemas.mycompany.com/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/My_ComputerSystem" ...>
2204
        (22)
2205
        (23)
                        </xs:schema>
```

2224

2225

2226

```
2206
        (24)
                      </wsmb:Metadata>
2207
        (25)
2208
        (26)
                    </wsmen:Items>
2209
        (27)
                   </wsmen:PullResponse>
2210
        (28)
                 </env:Body>
2211
        (29)
            </env:Envelope>
```

- 2212 The response includes the following elements.
- (line 11) The Metadata element contains the class metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem. It indicates that the format of the metadata is WS-CIM. It also specifies the full class name URI for CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (line 13) The schema element specifies the class metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem in WS-CIM format (as specified in <u>DSP0230</u>).
- (line 18) The Metadata element contains the class metadata for My_ComputerSystem. It indicates that the format of the metadata is CIM-XML. It also specifies the full class name URI for My_ComputerSystem.
- (line 20) The schema element specifies the class metadata for My_ComputerSystem in WS-CIM format (as specified in <u>DSP0230</u>).

15.16 Example: Enumerate CIM-XML Class Metadata and EPRs for CIM_ComputerSystem and Classes Derived from It

```
2227
       (1)
             <!-- Example fragment of XML for an enumerate class operation. -->
2228
        (2)
            <env:Envelope>
2229
        (3)
              <env:Header>
2230
        (4)
                <wsa04:To>http://somedomain.tld:80/wsman</wsa04:To>
2231
2232
           <wsa04:Action>http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate</wsa04:Action>
2233
        (6)
                <wsman:ResourceURI>
2234
        (7)
                 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-schema/2/*
2235
       (8)
                </wsman:ResourceURT>
2236
        (9)
                <wsman:SelectorSet>
2237
       (10)
                     <wsman:Selector Name="ClassName">CIM_ComputerSystem</wsman:Selector>
2238
        (11)
                      <wsman:Selector Name="__cimnamespace">root/interop</wsman:Selector>
2239
       (12)
                  </wsman:SelectorSet>
2240
       (13)
                  <wsman:OptionSet mustUnderstand="true">
2241
        (14)
                     <wsman:Option Name="IncludeSubclasses MustComply="true">true
2242
       (15)
                     <wsman:Option Name="IncludePath MustComply="true">true/wsman:Option>
2243
                      <wsman:Option Name="IncludeInheritedElements"</pre>
2244
           MustComply="true">trueOption>
2245
        (17)
                  </wsman:OptionSet>
2246
       (18)
                </env:Header>
2247
        (19)
                <env:Body>
2248
       (20)
                </env:Body>
2249
       (21) </env:Envelope>
```

- 2250 The request includes the following elements.
- (line 5) The Action specifies to Enumerate all of the target.

2270

- (line 6) The ResourceURI specifies that the target is the metadata for a class, and that the result is to be returned in CIM-XML format.
- (line 10) The ClassName Selector specifies that the root class of the enumeration is CIM_ComputerSystem
- (line 11) The __cimnamespace Selector specifies that the class metadata is desired for the root/interop namespace.
- (line 14) The IncludeSubclasses Option (true) specifies to return metadata for all classes (in the namespace) that are named, or are derived from, CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (line 15) The IncludePath Option (true) specifies to return EPRs to the class definitions. These could be used in future Get operations to retrieve the class metadata.
- (line 16) The IncludeInheritedElements Option (true) specifies to return in the class metadata elements that are inherited from parent classes. Elements may include property definitions, qualifiers, and so forth, depending on the capabilities of the service.
- (line 13) The OptionSet specifies mustUnderstand="true". The service must process the OptionSet element or fault the request.
- (lines 14-16) The several Options specify MustComply="true". The service must honor the Options or fault the request.

The following XML fragment illustrates the metadata that is returned in response to subsequent Pull requests.

```
2271
        (1) <!-- Example fragment of XML for the data returned due to an enumerate class operation.
2272
2273
        (2) <env:Envelope>
2274
        (3)
               <env:Header>
2275
        (4)
2276
            <wsa04:Action>http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/PullResponse</wsa04:Actio</pre>
2277
        (5)
2278
2279
        (6)
               </env:Header>
2280
        (7)
               <env:Body>
2281
        (8)
                 <wsmen:PullResponse ...>
2282
        (9)
                  <wsmen:EnumerationContext>...</wsmen:EnumerationContext>
2283
        (10)
                   <wsmen:Items>
2284
        (11)
                      <wsman:Item>
2285
        (12)
                        <wsa04:EndpointReference>
2286
        (13)
                         <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
2287
        (14)
                         <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2288
        (15)
                           <wsman:ResourceURI>
2289
        (16)
                              http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem
2290
        (17)
                           </wsman:ResourceURI>
2291
        (18)
2292
        (19)
                         </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2293
        (20)
                        </wsa04:EndpointReference>
2294
        (21)
                        <wsmb:Metadata wsmb:format="CIM-XML" wsmb:cimClass=</pre>
2295
        (22)
                          "http://schemas.dmtf.org/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM_ComputerSystem">
2296
        (23)
                          <cim:CLASS SUPERCLASS="CIM_System" NAME="CIM_ComputerSystem">
2297
        (24)
2298
        (25)
                          </cim:CLASS>
2299
        (26)
                         </wsmb:Metadata>
2300
        (27)
                      </wsman:Item>
```

```
2301
        (28)
                      <wsman:Item>
2302
        (29)
                        <wsa04:EndpointReference>
2303
        (30)
                         <wsa04:Address> ... </wsa04:Address>
2304
        (31)
                         <wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2305
        (32)
                           <wsman:ResourceURI>
2306
                             http://schemas.mycompany.com/wbem/cim-xml/2/cim-
2307
           schema/2/My_ComputerSystem
2308
        (34)
                           </wsman:ResourceURI>
2309
        (35)
2310
        (36)
                         </wsa04:ReferenceParameters>
2311
        (37)
                        </wsa04:EndpointReference>
2312
                        <wsmb:Metadata wsmb:format="CIM-XML" wsmb:cimClass=</pre>
        (38)
2313
        (39)
                         "http://schemas.mycompany.com/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/My_ComputerSystem">
2314
        (40)
                          <cim:CLASS SUPERCLASS="CIM_ComputerSystem" NAME="My_ComputerSystem">
2315
        (41)
2316
        (42)
                          </cim:CLASS>
2317
        (43)
                        </wsmb:Metadata>
2318
        (44)
                      </wsman:Item>
2319
        (45)
2320
        (46)
                    </wsmen:Items>
2321
        (47)
                  </wsmen:PullResponse>
2322
        (48)
                 </env:Body>
2323
        (49)
             </env:Envelope>
```

- 2324 The response includes the following elements.
- (line 11) The Item element contains the EPR and class metadata for one of the returned classes, CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (lines 12-20) The EndpointReference specifies an EPR that can be used in a Get operation to retrieve the class metadata for CIM ComputerSystem.
- (line 21) The Metadata element contains the class metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem. It indicates that the format of the metadata is CIM-XML. It also specifies the full class name URI for CIM_ComputerSystem.
- (line 23) The CLASS element specifies the class metadata for CIM_ComputerSystem in CIM-XML format (as specified in DSP0201 and DSP0203).
- (line 28) The Item element contains the EPR and class metadata for another one of the returned classes that derives from CIM_ComputerSystem, My_ComputerSystem.
- (lines 29-37) The EndpointReference specifies an EPR that can be used in a Get operation to retrieve the class metadata for My_ComputerSystem.
- (line 38) The Metadata element contains the class metadata for My_ComputerSystem. It indicates that the format of the metadata is CIM-XML. It also specifies the full class name URI for My_ComputerSystem.
- (line 40) The CLASS element specifies the class metadata for My_ComputerSystem in CIM-XML format (as specified in <u>DSP0201</u> and <u>DSP0203</u>).

16 Fault Codes

- Faults defined in this specification must use the following action URI:
- 2345 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/fault

16.1 wsmb:CIMException

Table 12 provides information about the wsmb:CIMException fault subcode.

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Table 12 - wsmb:CIMException

Fault Subcode	wsmb:CIMException
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The CIM server encountered an exception during the processing of the request.
Detail	XML representation of CIM_Error instance
Comments	
Applicability	Any message
Remedy	Depends upon the exception

16.2 wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported

Table 13 provides information about the wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported fault subcode.

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Table 13 - wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported

Fault Subcode	wsmb:PolymorphismModeNotSupported
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The resource does not support the requested polymorphism mode.
Detail	
Comments	
Applicability	wsen:Enumerate, wse:Subscribe
Remedy	Try the request again without specifying a polymorphism mode.

17 Mapping for DSP0200 CIM Operations

CIM Profiles define support for CIM operations for each CIM class used in the profile. These supported operations are defined in <u>DSP0200</u>. This clause outlines the WS-Management equivalent operations for each supported CIM operation that is defined in <u>DSP0200</u> and additional uses of WS-Management functionality to achieve the same goal.

17.1 Supported Operations

The following CIM operations have equivalents defined by this specification:

- GetInstance: This operation is used to return a single CIM instance from the target namespace.
- DeleteInstance: This operation is used to delete a single CIM instance from the target namespace.
- ModifyInstance: This operation is used to modify a single CIM instance in the target namespace.
- CreateInstance: This operation is used to create a single CIM instance in the target namespace.

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- EnumerateInstances: This operation is used to enumerate instances of a CIM Class (this includes instances in the class and any subclasses in accordance with the polymorphic nature of CIM objects) in the target Namespace.
 EnumerateInstanceNames: This operation is used to enumerate the names (model paths)
 - EnumerateInstanceNames: This operation is used to enumerate the names (model paths) of the instances of a CIM Class (this includes instances in the class and any subclasses in accordance with the polymorphic nature of CIM objects) in the target Namespace.
 - Associators: This operation is used to enumerate CIM Objects (Classes or Instances) that are associated to a particular source CIM Object.
 - AssociatorsNames: This operation is used to enumerate the names of CIM Objects (Classes
 or Instances) that are associated to a particular source CIM Object.
 - References: This operation is used to enumerate the association objects that refer to a particular target CIM Object (Class or Instance).
 - ReferenceNames: This operation is used to enumerate the association objects that refer to a particular target CIM Object (Class or Instance).
- 2381 The following subclauses define the mapping of the above operations over WS-Management.

17.1.1 GetInstance

2383 The mapping defined in Table 14 shall be used for the GetInstance operation.

2384 Table 14 – GetInstance

Operation	GetInstance
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 resource access Get
EPR	Class-specific ResourceURI with keys as selectors
Additional usage	None
Notes	Can be targeted only at the class of the actual instance

Table 15 provides the mapping of GetInstance arguments defined in clause 5.3.2.2 of <u>DSP0200</u>.

Table 15 – GetInstance Arguments

Argument	GetInstance
InstanceName	Mapped to EPR
LocalOnly	false
IncludeQualifier	false
IncludeClassOrigin	false
PropertyList[]	If it is NULL, then the operation is handled through WS-Management 1.1 resource access Get. If it is not NULL, then the operation is handled through fragment level WS-Management 1.1 resource access Get (see clause 7.8 of DSP0226).

Table 16 provides the mapping of status codes defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0220</u>.

Table 16 - GetInstance Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable

CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_INVALID_CLASS	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_NOT_FOUND	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2390 **17.1.2 DeleteInstance**

The mapping defined in Table 17 shall be used for the DeleteInstance operation.

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Table 17 - DeleteInstance

Operation	DeleteInstance
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 resource access Delete or WS-Management 1.1 notifications Unsubscribe (for CIM_IndicationSubscription and CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription)
EPR	Class-specific ResourceURI with keys as selectors
Additional usage	None

Table 18 provides the mapping of the DeleteInstance arguments defined in clause 5.3.2.4 of <u>DSP0200</u>.

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Table 18 – DeleteInstance Arguments

Argument	DeleteInstance
InstanceName	Mapped to EPR

Table 19 provides the mapping of status codes defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0220</u>.

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Table 19 - DeleteInstance Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_INVALID_CLASS	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_NOT_FOUND	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

17.1.3 ModifyInstance

The mapping defined in Table 20 shall be used for the ModifyInstance operation.

Table 20 - ModifyInstance

Operation	ModifyInstance
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 resource access Put or WS-Management 1.1 notifications Renew (for CIM_IndicationSubscription and CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription)
EPR	Class-specific ResourceURI with keys as selectors
Additional usage	None
Notes	Can be targeted only at the class of the actual instance

Table 21 provides the mapping of the ModifyInstance arguments defined in clause 5.3.2.8 of <u>DSP0200</u>.

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Table 21 – ModifyInstance Arguments

Argument	ModifyInstance
InstanceName	Mapped to EPR
IncludeQualifier	false
PropertyList[]	Always set to NULL for the instances of CIM_IndicationSubscription and CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription.
	For instances of other classes: If it is NULL, then the operation is handled through WS-Management 1.1 resource access Put. If it is not NULL, then the operation is handled through fragment level WS-Management 1.1 resource access Put (clause 7.9 of DSP0226).

Table 22 provides the mapping of status codes defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0226</u>.

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Table 22 - ModifyInstance Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_INVALID_CLASS	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_NOT_FOUND	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2406 17.1.4 CreateInstance

The mapping defined in Table 23 shall be used for the CreateInstance operation.

Table 23 - CreateInstance

Operation	CreateInstance	
Operation target	CIM Server	
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 resource access Create or WS-Management 1.1 notifications Subscribe (for CIM_IndicationSubscription and CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription)	
EPR	Class-specific ResourceURI as factory, with only thecimnamespace selector allowed	
Additional usage	None	
Notes	Can be targeted only at the class of actual instance	

Table 24 provides the mapping of the CreateInstance arguments as defined in clause 5.3.2.6 of <u>DSP0200</u>.

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Table 24 – CreateInstance Arguments

Argument	CreateInstance
InstanceName	Mapped to EPR

Table 25 provides the mapping of status codes defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0220</u>.

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Table 25 - CreateInstance Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_INVALID_CLASS	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_ALREADY_EXISTS	wsman:AlreadyExists
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2414 **17.1.5 EnumerateInstances**

The mapping defined in Table 26 shall be used for the EnumerateInstances operation.

Table 26 – EnumerateInstances

Operation	EnumerateInstances
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 Enumerate
EPR	Class-specific ResourceURI with no selectors
Additional usage	Use wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateObjectAndEPR
Notes	

Table 27 provides the mapping of EnumerateInstances arguments as defined in clause 5.3.2.11 of DSP0200.

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Table 27 – EnumerateInstances Arguments

Argument	EnumerateInstances
ClassName	Mapped to EPR
LocalOnly	false
DeepInheritance	If true, then wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier element value is set to IncludeSubClassProperties or wsmb:PolymorphismMode is not specified.
	If false, then wsmb:PolymorphismMode modifier element value is set to ExcludeSubClassProperties.
IncludeQualifier	false
IncludeClassOrigin	false
PropertyList[]	If it is NULL, then the operation is handled through WS-Management 1.1 Enumeration. If it is not NULL, then the operation is handled through fragment-level enumerations (see clause 8.6 of <u>DSP0226</u>).

Table 28 provides the mapping of status codes defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0226</u>.

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Table 28 - EnumerateInstances Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_INVALID_CLASS	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2423 17.1.6 EnumerateInstanceNames

2424 The mapping defined in Table 29 shall be used for the EnumerateInstanceNames operation.

Table 29 - EnumerateInstanceNames

Operation	EnumerateInstanceNames
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 Enumerate
EPR	Class-specific ResourceURI with no selectors
Additional usage	Use wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateEPR
Notes	

Table 30 provides the mapping of EnumerateInstanceNames arguments as defined in clause 5.3.2.12 of DSP0200.

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Table 30 – EnumerateInstanceNames Arguments

Argument	EnumerateInstanceNames
ClassName	Mapped to EPR

Table 31 provides the mapping of status codes defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0220</u>.

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Table 31 - EnumerateInstanceNames Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_INVALID_CLASS	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2432 **17.1.7 Associators**

2433 The mapping defined in Table 32 shall be used for the Associators operation.

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Table 32 - Associators

Operation	Associators
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 Enumerate
EPR	All-classes ResourceURI with no selectors
Additional usage	Use wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateObjectAndEPR
	Use the following association filter dialect with the wsmb:AssociatedInstances element:
	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/associationFilter
Notes	

Table 33 provides the mapping of the Associators arguments as defined in clause 5.3.2.14 of <u>DSP0200</u>.

Table 33 – Associators Arguments

Argument	Associators
ObjectName	wsmb:Object value is set to ObjectName
AssocClass	If not NULL, wsmb:AssociationClassName value is set to AssocClass
ResultClass	If not NULL, wsmb:ResultClassName value is set to ResultClass
Role	If not NULL, wsmb:Role value is set to Role

ResultRole	If not NULL, wsmb:ResultRole value is set to ResultRole
IncludeQualifiers	false
IncludeClassOrigin	false
PropertyList[]	If it is NULL, then the operation is handled through WS-Management 1.1 Enumeration. If it is not NULL, then the operation is handled through fragment-level enumerations (see clause 8.6 of <u>DSP0226</u>).

Table 34 provides the mapping of status codes defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0226</u>.

2439 Table 34 – Associators Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2440 17.1.8 AssociatorNames

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The mapping defined in Table 35 shall be used for the AssociatorNames operation.

2442 Table 35 – AssociatorNames

Operation	AssociatorNames
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 Enumerate
EPR	All-classes ResourceURI with no selectors
Additional usage	Use wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateEPR
	Use the following association filter dialect with the wsmb:AssociatedInstances element:
	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/associationFilter
Notes	

Table 36 provides the mapping of the AssociatorNames arguments as defined in clause 5.3.2.15 of DSP0200.

Table 36 – AssociatorNames Arguments

Argument	AssociatorNames
ObjectName	wsmb:Object value is set to ObjectName
AssocClass	If not NULL, wsmb:AssociationClassName value is set to AssocClass
ResultClass	If not NULL, wsmb:ResultClassName value is set to ResultClass
Role	If not NULL, wsmb:Role value is set to Role
ResultRole	If not NULL, wsmb:ResultRole value is set to ResultRole

Table 37 provides the mapping of status codes as defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0220</u>.

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Table 37 - AssociatorNames Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2449 **17.1.9 References**

The mapping defined in Table 38 shall be used for the References operation.

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Table 38 - References

Operation	References
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 Enumerate
EPR	All-classes ResourceURI with no selectors
Additional usage	Use wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateObjectAndEPR
	Use association the following filter dialect with the wsmb:AssociationInstances element:
	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/associationFilter
Notes	

Table 39 provides the mapping of the References arguments as defined in clause 5.3.2.16 of <u>DSP0200</u>.

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Table 39 – References Arguments

Argument	References
ObjectName	wsmb:Object value is set to ObjectName
ResultClass	If not NULL, wsmb:ResultClassName value is set to ResultClass
Role	If not NULL, wsmb:Role value is set to Role
IncludeQualifiers	false
IncludeClassOrigin	false
PropertyList[]	If it is NULL, then the operation is handled through WS-Management 1.1 Enumeration. If it is not NULL, then the operation is handled through fragment-level enumerations (see clause 8.6 of DSP0226).

Table 40 provides the mapping of status codes as defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0226</u>.

Table 40 - References Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

17.1.10 ReferenceNames

2458 The mapping defined in Table 41 shall be used for the ReferenceNames operation.

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Table 41 - ReferenceNames

Operation	ReferenceNames
Operation target	CIM Server
WS-Man operation	WS-Management 1.1 Enumerate
EPR	All-classes ResourceURI with no selectors
Additional usage	Use wsman:EnumerationMode=EnumerateEPR
	Use association the following filter dialect with the wsmb:AssociationInstances element:
	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/cimbinding/associationFilter
Notes	

Table 42 provides the mapping of the ReferenceNames arguments as defined in clause 5.3.2.17 of DSP0200.

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Table 42 - ReferenceNames Arguments

Argument	ReferenceNames
ObjectName	wsmb:Object value is set to ObjectName
ResultClass	If not NULL, wsmb:ResultClassName value is set to ResultClass
Role	If not NULL, wsmb:Role value is set to Role

Table 43 provides the mapping of status codes as defined in <u>DSP0200</u> to equivalent SOAP faults defined in <u>DSP0226</u>.

Table 43 – ReferenceNames Error Codes

Status Code	Equivalent SOAP Fault
CIM_ERR_ACCESS_DENIED	wsman:AccessDenied
CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (by the CIM Server for this operation)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
CIM_ERR_INVALID_PARAMETER	wsman:InvalidParameter

CIM_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED (This operation is not supported for the class of the specified instance, if provided.)	wsa:ActionNotSupported
CIM_ERR_FAILED	wsman:InternalError

2466 17.1.11 ExecQuery

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2467 This operation is supported for the CIM query language (CQL). See 8.1 for more details.

17.2 Unsupported Operations

2469 This specification does not define equivalents for the following operations:

• GetClass

2471 • DeleteClass

• CreateClass

• ModifyClass

• EnumerateClasses

• EnumerateClassNames

• GetProperty

SetProperty

• GetQualifier

SetQualifier

DeleteQualifier

• EnumerateQualifiers

18 Mapping of Error Messages to SOAP Fault Subcodes

Table 44 outlines suggested mappings of CIM error messages to corresponding subcodes to be used when returning SOAP faults.

Table 44 – CIM Error Messages with Corresponding Subcode Mappings

Message ID	Message Name	Fault Subcode
WIPG0201	Authentication failed	wsman:AccessDenied
		(Support may be transport-dependent.)
WIPG0202	Authorization failed	wsman:AccessDenied
WIPG0203	Operation not supported by CIM service infrastructure	wsa:ActionNotSupported
WIPG0204	CIM namespace not found	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
WIPG0205	Missing input parameter	wsmb:CIMException
WIPG0206	Duplicate input parameter	wsman:InvalidParameter
WIPG0207	Unknown input parameter	wsman:InvalidParameter

Message ID	Message Name	Fault Subcode
WIPG0208	Invalid input parameter value	wsman:InvalidParameter
WIPG0213	CIM instance not found	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
WIPG0214	CIM class not found	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
WIPG0216	CIM instance already exists	wsman:AlreadyExists
WIPG0218	No such CIM method	wsa:ActionNotSupported
WIPG0219	CIM method not supported by CIM class implementation	wsa:ActionNotSupported
WIPG0220	No such CIM property	wxf:InvalidRepresentation
WIPG0221	Unknown query language	wsen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable (if encountered while processing wsen:Enumerate)
		wsman:CannotProcessFilter (if encountered while processing wse:Subscribe)
WIPG0222	Query language feature not supported by WBEM service infrastructure	wsen:CannotProcessFilter (if encountered while processing wsen:Enumerate)
		wsman:CannotProcessFilter (for exceptions encountered while processing wse:Subscribe)
WIPG0223	Invalid query	wsen:CannotProcessFilter (if encountered while processing wsen:Enumerate)
		wsman:CannotProcessFilter (if encountered while processing wsen:Enumerate)
WIPG0227	Operation failure	wsman:InternalError
WIPG0228	Operation not supported by CIM class implementation	wsa:ActionNotSupported
WIPG0229	CIM method invocation not supported by WBEM service infrastructure	wsa:ActionNotSupported

2486 **19 XSD**

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A normative copy of the XML schemas (XML Schema Part 1, XML Schema Part 2) for this specification may be retrieved by resolving the XML namespace URIs for this specification (listed in clause 5).

20 WSDL

- This specification does not define a normative WSDL document. While it is possible to define a generic WSDL document that can apply to all CIM classes, it does a disservice to developers who can provide a more specific WSDL document tailored to a specific CIM class.
- R20-1: WSDL documents for a CIM class should include all WS-Management 1.1 resource access operations.
- R20-2: WSDL documents for a CIM class or the query engine should include all WS-Management 1.1 Enumeration operations.
- 2497 **R20-3**: WSDL documents for a CIM class or the query engine should include all WS-Management 1.1 notifications operations.
- 2499 R20-4: WSDL documents for a CIM class should include operations for all extrinsic methods defined

by the class.

ANNEX A (informative)

Change Log

Version	Date	Description
1.0.0	2009-06-19	Released as DMTF Standard
1.1.0	2010-03-03	Released as DMTF Standard, with the following changes:
		Addressed consistency issues with DSP0226
1.2.0	2011-06-30	Released as DMTF Standard, with the following changes:
		Included ability to return URLs instead of full EPRs for metadata
		Included examples of metadata retrievals

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2508	Bibliography
2509 2510	DMTF DSP8016, WBEM Operations Message Registry, 1.0 Preliminary, http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/messageregistry/1/dsp8016.xml
2511	
2512	
2513	